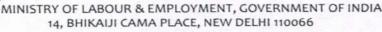




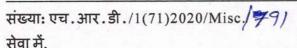
ईपीएफओ, मुख्य कार्यालय

श्रम एवं रोज़गार मंत्रालय, भारत सरकार भविष्य निधि भवन, 14, भीकाजी कामा प्लेस, नई दिल्ली 110066

EPFO, HEAD OFFICE







दिनांक:

0 6 MAR 2023

दिन

सभी अपर केंद्रीय भविष्य निधि आयुक्त सभी क्षेत्रीय भविष्य निधि आयुक्त अपर केंद्रीय भविष्य निधि आयुक्त (स्थानीय प्रशासन) निदेशक, प.दी.रा.सा.स्.अ. (PDNASS).

विषय: Compendium of instructions on reservation in apointments in posts/services in the Central Government – regarding.

महोदय,

उपर्युक्त विषय पर भारत सरकार, कार्मिक, लोक शिकायत और पेंशन मंत्रालय, कार्मिक एवं प्रशिक्षण विभाग से जारी कार्यालय ज्ञापन संख्या: 36011/1/2022-Estt.(Res-I) दिनांक 14-10-2022 की प्रति उचित कार्यवाही/लागू करने हेतु सलंग्न है।

भवदीया,

प्रति: सलंग्न।

(स्वागता राय)

(स्वागता राय)

क्षेत्रीय भविष्य निधि आयुक्त-।(एच.आर.डी)

प्रतिलिपि:

1. - केंद्रीय भविष्य निधि आयुक्त के प्रधान निजी सचिव

2. - सभी EC / CBT सदस्य

3. - वित्तीय सलाहकार एवं मुख्य लेखाधिकारी के प्रधान निजी सचिव

4. - मुख्य सतकर्ता अधिकारी के प्रधान निजी सचिव / सभी उप निदेशक, सतकर्ता

5. - मुख्य अभियंता के निजी सचिव

6. - प्रभारी अधिकारी, सभी आंचलिक प्रशिक्षण संस्थान

7. - सभी आंतरिक लेखा परीक्षा अधिकारी

8. - मुख्यालय के सभी अधिकारी / सभी निजी सचिव / सभी अनुभाग अधिकारी

9. - महासचिव, ई.पी.एफ. ऑफिसर्स एसोसिएशन

10. - महासचिव, आल इंडिया ई.पी.एफ. स्टाफ फेडरेशन

11. - महासचिव, आल इंडिया ई.पी.एफ.एम्प्लाइज संघ

12. - महासचिव, आल इंडिया ई.पी.एफ. एस.सी/एस.टी फेडरेशन

13. - क्षे.भ.नि.आ. (एन.डी.सी.) वेबसाइट पर अपलोड करने हेतु

14. - गार्ड फाइल

15. - हिन्दी अनुभाग

2013123

(स्वागता राय)

क्षेत्रीय भविष्य निधि आयुक्त-।(एच.आर.डी)

F.No.36011/1/2022-Estt.(Res-I)
Government of India
Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions
Department of Personnel & Training Establishment
Estt (Reservation) Division

COMPENDIUM OF INSTRUCTIONS ON RESERVATION IN APPOINTMENTS IN POSTS/SERVICES IN THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

Establishment (Reservation) Division of the Department of Personnel and Training has issued various instructions, from time to time, regarding reservation in appointments to posts and services under the Central Government, and concessions/relaxations extended to the persons belonging to Scheduled Castes (SCs), Scheduled Tribes (STs), Other Backward Classes (OBCs), Persons with Disabilities (PwDs), Economically Weaker Sections (EWSs) and Ex-servicemen. With a view to facilitating easy accessibility and clear understanding of these rules on reservation/concessions/relaxations, the relevant instructions on the subject (except Ex-servicemen) have been consolidated, as under:

1. PROVISIONS RELATING TO SCs, STs AND OBCs

A. RESERVATION IN DIRECT RECRUITMENT AND PROMOTION

1. Reservation in Direct Recruitment (in open competition and otherwise than by open competition)

Reservation is provided to the members of the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes @ 15%, 7.5% and 27%, respectively, in the matter of appointment by direct recruitment to civil posts and civil services on all India basis by open competition.

In the matter of appointment by direct recruitment to civil posts and civil services on all India basis otherwise than by open competition, reservation is provided to the members of the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes @ 16.66%, 7.5% and 25.84%, respectively.

No. 36011/33/1981-Estt.(SCT) dated 5/10/1981
No. 36012/22/93-Estt.(SCT) dated 8/09/1993
No. 36012/22/93-Estt.(SCT) dated 22/10/1993
No. 36012/2/1996 Estt (Res) dated 2/07/1997

2. Reservation in Direct Recruitment in Group C&D attracting local candidates

Reservation for the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in case of direct recruitment to Group C and Group D posts, normally attracting candidates from a locality or a region, was fixed on the basis of proportion of their population in the respective States/UTs, vide OMs, dated 5.7.2005, 4.7.2007, as under:

| S1.No. | Name of the State/UT | Perc | Percentage of Reservation | | |
|--------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | | Scheduled Castes | Scheduled Tribes | Other Backward Classes | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | |
| 01 | Andhra Pradesh | 16 | 7 | 27 | |
| 02 | Arunachal Pradesh | 1 | 45 | 0 | |
| 03 | Assam | 7 | 12 | 27 | |
| 04 | Bihar | 16 | 1 | 27 | |
| 05 | Chhattisgarh | 12 | 32 | 6 | |
| 06 | Goa | 2 | 12 | 18 | |
| 07 | Gujarat | 7 | 15 | 27 | |
| 08 | Haryana | 19 | 0 | 27 | |
| 09 | Himachal Pradesh | 25 | 4 | 20 | |
| 10 | Jammu & Kashmir | 8 | 11 | 27 | |
| 11 | Jharkhand | 12 | 26 | 12 | |
| 12 | Karnataka | 16 | 7 | 27 | |
| 13 | Kerala | 10 | 1 | 27 | |
| 14 | Madhya Pradesh | 15 | 20 | 15 | |
| 15 | Maharashtra | 10 | 9 | 27 | |
| 16 | Manipur | 3 | 34 | 13 | |
| 17 | Meghalaya | 1 | 44 | 5 | |
| 18 | Mizoram | 0 | 45 | 5 | |
| 19 | Nagaland | 0 | 45 | 0 | |
| 20 | Orissa | 16 | 22 | 12 | |
| 21 | Punjab | 29 | 0 | 21 | |
| 22 | Rajasthan | 17 | 13 | 20 | |
| 23 | Sikkim | 5 | 21 | 24 | |
| 24 | Tamil Nadu | 19 | 1 | 27 | |
| 25 | Tripura | 17 | 31 | 2 | |
| 26 | Uttaranchal | 18 | 3 | 13 | |
| 27 | Uttar Pradesh | 21 | 1 | 27 | |
| 28 | West Bengal | 23 | 5 | 22 | |

| 29 | Andaman & Nicobar Islands | 0 | 8 | 27 |
|----|---------------------------|----|-----|----|
| 30 | Chandigarh | 18 | 0 | 27 |
| 31 | Dadra & Nagar Haveli | 2 | 43 | 5 |
| 32 | Daman & Diu | 3 | 9 | 27 |
| 33 | Delhi | 15 | 7.5 | 27 |
| 34 | Lakshadweep | 0 | 45 | 0 |
| 35 | Pondicherry | 16 | 0 | 27 |

(OM.No. 36017/1/2004-Estt(Res) dated 5/07/2005) (OM No. 36017/1/2007-Estt(Res) dated 4/07/2007)

Note: The expression 'by open competition' means all recruitments by Union Public Service Commission (UPSC), whether through written examination or by interview or by both; and recruitments made by other authorities, including Staff Selection Commission, or any other appointing authority through written competitive examination or tests (but not by interview alone). Any recruitment not made by the UPSC or not made through written competitive test held by any other authority would mean direct recruitment otherwise than by open competition.

(OM No. 36034/2/2013-Estt(Res) dated 8/04/2013)

3. Exclusion of Creamy Layer from amongst OBCs:

Members of the Other Backward Classes, who fall in creamy layer, shall not get the benefit of reservation. Criterion for determining creamy layer status amongst Other Backward Classes is, as under:

CRITERION FOR DETERMINING CREAMY LAYER

[O.M.No.36012/22/93-Estt(SCT) dated 08/09/1993 as amended from time to time]

| Category | Description of Category | Who will fall in Creamy Layer |
|----------|-------------------------|---|
| 1. | 2 | 3 |
| I. | CONSTITUTIONAL POSTS | Son(s) and daughter(s) of a. President of India; b. Vice President of India; c. Judges of the Supreme Court and of the High Courts; d. Chairman & Members of UPSC and of the State Public Service Commission; Chief Election Commissioner; Comptroller & Auditor General of India; |
| | | e. Persons holding Constitutional |

| | | | positions of like nature. |
|-----|---|--------|--|
| II. | SERVICE CATEGORY | | |
| 11. | A. Group A / Class I officers of | Sons(s |) and daughter(s) of |
| | the All India Central and State Services (Direct Recruits) | a. | parents, both of whom are Class I officers; |
| | | | parents, either of whom is a Class I officer; |
| | | | parents, both of whom are Class I officers, but one of them dies or suffers permanent incapacitation. Parents, either of whom is a Class I |
| | | | officers and such parent dies or suffers permanent incapacitation and before such death or such incapacitation has had the benefit of employment in any International Organisation like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years. |
| | | e. | Parents, both of whom are Class I officers die or suffer permanent incapacitation and before such death or such incapacitation of the both, either of them has had the benefit of employment in any International Organisation like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years. |
| | | | Provided that the rule of exclusion shall not apply in the following cases: |
| | | a. | Sons and daughters of parents either of whom or both of whom are Class I officers and such parent(s) dies / die or suffer permanent |
| | | b. | incapacitation. A lady belonging to OBC category has got married to a Class I officer, and may herself like to apply for a job. |
| | B. Group B/Class II officers of the Central & State Services | Son(s) | and daughter(s) of |
| | (Direct Recruitment) | a. | Parents both of whom are Class II officers. |
| | | b. | parents of whom only the husband is a Class II officers and he gets into Class I at the age of 40 or earlier. |
| | | c. | Parents, both of whom are Class II officers and one of them dies or suffers permanent incapacitation and either one of them has had the benefit of employment in any International Organisation like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years before such |
| | | d. | death or permanent incapacitation; Parents of whom the husband is a |

| | | Class I officer (direct recruit or preforty promoted) and the wife is a Class II officers and the wife dies; or suffers permanent incapacitation; and e. Parents, of whom the wife is a Class I officer (Direct Recruit or pre-forty promoted) and the husband is a Class II officer and the husband dies or suffers permanent incapacitation Provided that the rule of exclusion shall not apply in the following cases: Sons and daughters of a. Parents both of whom are Class II officers and one of them dies or suffers permanent incapacitation. b. Parents, both of whom are Class II officers and both of them die or suffer permanent incapacitation, even though either of them has had the benefit of employment in any International Organisation like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years before their death or permanent incapacitation. |
|------|---|--|
| | C. Employees in Public Sector Undertakings etc. | The criteria enumerated in A&B above in this Category will apply mutatis mutandis to officers holding equivalent or comparable posts in PSUs, Banks, Insurance Organisations, Universities, etc. and also to equivalent or comparable posts and positions under private employment, pending the evaluation of the posts on equivalent or comparable basis in these institutions, the criteria specified in Category VI below will apply to the officers in these Institutions. |
| III. | ARMED FORCES INCLUDING PARAMILITARY FORCES (Persons holding civil posts are not included) | Son(s) and daughter(s) of parents either or both of whom is or are in the rank of Colonel and above in the Army and to equivalent posts in the Navy and the Air Force and the Para Military Forces; Provided that:- i. If the wife of an Armed Forces Officers is herself in the Armed Forces (i.e., the category under consideration) the rule of exclusion will apply only when she herself has reached the rank of Colonel; |
| | | ii. The service ranks below Colonel of husband and wife shall not be clubbed together; (iii) If the wife of an officer in the Armed Forces is in civil employment, this will not be taken into account for applying the rule of exclusion unless she falls in the service category under item No.II in which case the |

| | | criteria and conditions enumerated therein will apply to her independently. |
|----|--|--|
| | | |
| IV | PROFESSIONAL CLASS AND THOSE ENGAGED IN TRADE AND INDUSTRY I. Persons, engaged in profession as a 'doctor, lawyer, chartered accountant, Income Tax consultant, financial or management consultant, dental surgeon, engineer, architect, computer specialist, film artists and other film professional, author, playwright, sports person, sports professional, media professional or any other vocations of like status. II. Persons engaged in trade, business and industry. | Criteria specified against Category VI will apply: Criteria specified against Category VI will apply: Explanation: i. Where the husband is in some profession and the wife is in Class II or lower grade employment, the income / wealth test will apply only on the basis of the husband's income. ii. If the wife is in any profession and the husband is in employment in a Class II or lower rank post, then the income / wealth criterion will apply only on the basis of the wife's income and the husband's income will not be clubbed with it. |
| V. | PROPERTY OWNERS A. Agricultural holdings | Son(s) and daughter(s) of persons belonging to a family (father, mother and minor children) which owns a. Only irrigated land which is equal to |
| | | or more than 85% of the statutory area, or b. Both irrigated and unirrigated land, as follows:- |
| | | i. The rule of exclusion will apply where the pre-condition exists that the irrigated area (having been brought to a single type under a common denominator) 40% or more of the statutory ceiling limit for irrigated land (this being calculated by |

| | | excluding the unirrigated portion). If this pre condition of not less than 40% exists, then only the area of unirrigated land will be taken into account. This will be done by converting the unirrigated land on the basis of the conversion formula existing, into the irrigated type. The irrigated area so computed from unirrigated land shall be added to the actual area of irrigated land and if after such clubbing together the total area in terms of irrigated land is 85% or more of the statutory ceiling limit for irrigated land, then the rule of exclusion will apply and disentitlement will occur. ii. The rule of exclusion will not apply if the land holding of a family is exclusively unirrigated. |
|-----|--|--|
| | B. Plantationsi. Coffee, tea, rubber, etc. | Criteria of income / wealth specified in Category VI below will apply. |
| | ii. Mango, citrus, apply plantations etc. | Deemed as agricultural holding and hence criteria at A above under this Category will apply. |
| | C. Vacant land and / or buildings in urban areas or urban agglomerations | Criteria specified in Category VI below will apply. Explanation: Building may be used for residential, industrial or commercial purpose and the like two or more such purposes. |
| VI. | INCOME / WEALTH TEST | Son(s) and daughter(s) of a. Persons having gross annual income of Rs. 8 lakh or above or possessing wealth above the exemption limit as prescribed in the Wealth Tax Act for a period of three consecutive years b. Persons in Categories I, II, III and V A who are not disentitled to the benefit of reservation but have income from other sources of wealth which will bring them within the income / wealth criteria mentioned in (a) above. i. Income from salaries or agricultural land shall not be clubbed; ii. The income criteria in terms of rupee will be modified taking into account the change in its value every three years. If the situation, |

Further, a clarificatory letter dated 14.10.2004 addressed to the Secretaries of all States/UTs with regard to the aforesaid OM dated 8.9.1993 was also issued.

No. 36012/22/93-Estt.(SCT) dated 8.9.1993 Letter No. 36033/5/2004-Estt (Res.) dated 14/10/2004 No. 36033/1/2013-Estt (Res.) dated 13/09/2017

4 Establishment of equivalence of posts in respect of employees of PSUs, Banks, PSICs and PFIs

Department of Public Enterprises (DPE) and Department of Financial Services (DFS) vide OM dated 25.10.2017 and 06.12.2017 respectively have issued guidelines establishing equivalence of the posts in Central Public Sector Enterprises (CPSEs), Public Sector Banks (PSBs), Public Sector Insurance Companies (PSICs) and Public Financial Institutions (PFIs) vis-à-vis posts in Central Government, which have been have been circulated by DoPTto the Chief Secretaries of all States/ Union Territories vide OM No. 36033/2/2018-Estt.(Res.) dated 08.06.2018.

No. 36033/2/2018-Estt.(Res.) dated 08/06/2018

5. Reservation in Promotion

Reservation is provided at 15% and 7.5% to Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes, respectively, (i) in promotions through Limited Departmental Competitive Examination in Group B, C & D (ii) in promotion by selection in Group B, C & D and from Group B to the lowest rung of Group A and (iii) in promotion on the basis of Seniority subject to fitness in all Groups i.e. Group A, B, C & D (in all these cases). Reservation in posts by promotion, as indicated above, should be made applicable to all grades or services, in which the element of direct recruitment, if any, does not exceed 75%.

No. 36012/17/88-Estt.(SCT) dated 25/04/1989

6. Spirit of O.M., dated 12.04.2022, regarding Reservation in Promotion

In pursuance of the Hon'ble Supreme Court judgement, dated 28.1.2022, in *Jarnail Singh* batch of cases, an OM, dated 12.4.2022, has been issued, as per the opinion of Ld. Attorney General, which mandates the Ministries/Departments to satisfy certain condition before implementing the policy of reservation in promotions. These conditions, *inter alia*, are as follows:

(i) Collection of quantifiable data regarding inadequacy of representation of SCs and STs; (ii) Application of this data to each cadre separately; (iii) Maintenance of reservation roster, as per DoPT OM, dated 2.7.1997; (iv) DPC to carefully assess the suitability of officers being considered for promotion to ensure

administrative efficiency; (v) The Appointing Authority to ensure that all the conditions laid down in the OM, dated 12.4.2022, are complied with before issuing any promotion order. Since the *Jarnail Singh* batch of cases is pending in the Supreme Court of India, any promotion order issued shall be subject to further orders that may be passed by the Supreme Court in the said batch of cases.

(OM No.36012/16/2019-Estt. (Res.) dated 12.4.2022)

B. SCOPE OF RESERVATION

1. Reservation in Scientific and Technical Posts

Reservation for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes apply to appointments made to "scientific and technical" posts up to and including the lowest grade of Group A in the respective services.

Such 'scientific and technical' posts as satisfy all the following conditions, can be exempted from the purview of the reservation orders by the Ministries/Departments:

- (i) The posts should be in grades above the lowest grade in Group A of the service concerned.
- (ii) They should be classified as 'scientific or technical' in terms of Cabinet Secretariat (Department of Cabinet Affairs) [O.M. No. 85/11/CF-61(1) dated 28-12-1961] according to which scientific and technical posts for which qualification in the natural sciences or exact sciences or applied sciences or in technology are prescribed and the incumbents of which have to use that knowledge in the discharge of their duties.
- (iii) The posts should be 'for conducting research' or 'for organizing, guiding and directing research'.

Orders of the Minister concerned should be obtained before exempting any posts satisfying the above conditions from the purview of the scheme of reservation.

Reservation, however, is not applicable to the posts available in the Department of Space & Department of Electronics and with regard to recruitment of trainees to the training school of the Department of Atomic Energy. In respect of them, the orders prior to 1975 will continue to apply.

In the case of scientific and technical posts required for research up to and inclusive of lowest grade of Group A of a service which are not exempt from the purview of reservation orders, reservation should be provided for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes as per the scheme of reservations, except that:

- i. reserved vacancies in such posts need be advertised only once and not twice;
- ii. In the event of non-availability of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes, vacancies in such posts may be de-reserved by the administrative Ministry/Department

concerned. However, the National Commission for Scheduled Castes or the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes or the National Commission for Backward Classes, as the case may be, and the Department of Personnel and Training should be informed about the dereservation together with the details and reasons necessitating dereservation.

O.M.No.9/2/73-Estt(SCT) dated 23/06/1975

O.M.No.36012/27/1994-Estt(SCT) dated 13/05/1994

2. Reservation in Posts of Industrial Workers

The industrial establishments of the Government of India and the posts and grades in such establishments, whether these have been classified as group A, B, C and D or not, are covered by the scheme of reservation for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes.

O.M.No.8/7/1974-Estt.(SCT) dated 22/08/1975

3. Reservation in Work-Charged Posts

The principle of reservation for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes should generally be suitably applied to the extent possible, to work-charged posts also except those required for emergencies like flood relief work, accident restoration and relief etc. The percentages of reservation in such appointments may correspond to what is applicable to Group C and Group D posts.

O.M.No.36021/9/1976-Estt.(SCT) dated 10/02/1977

4. Reservation in Appointments of Daily Rated Staff

While it may not be practical to apply the reservation orders in toto in respect of daily rated staff, it should be ensured that persons belonging to the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes are recruited in such manner as their overall representation does not go below the prescribed percentage of reservation for the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes respectively.

O.M.No.36011/18/81-Estt.(SCT) dated 16/07/1981

5. Reservation in Ad-hoc Promotions

As a matter of basic approach, ad-hoc promotions should be avoided. However, if ad-hoc promotions are to be made in exceptional circumstances, such as during pendency of court cases, protracted seniority disputes, nonframing of recruitment rules, unforeseen delay in direct recruitment or convening of DPCs for reasons beyond the control of the appointing authority etc., following guidelines may be followed on every occasion when ad-hoc promotions are resorted to so as to ensure that the claims of eligible officers belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes are also duly considered:

- i. In cases where reservation orders for SCs and STs are applicable, the number of vacancies falling to the share of SCs and STs would be the same if the vacancies were to be filled on regular basis.
- ii. Since ad-hoc promotions are made on the basis of non-selection, all the Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates covered in the relevant seniority list within the total number of such vacancies against which ad-hoc promotions are to be made, should be considered in the order of their general seniority as per the gradation list, on the principle of seniority-cum-fitness and if they are not adjudged unfit, they should all be promoted on ad-hoc basis.
- iii. If the number of SC/ST candidates found fit within the range of actual vacancies is less than the number of vacancies identified as falling to their share if the vacancies were filled on a regular basis, additional SC/ST candidates to the extent required should be located by going down the seniority list, provided they are eligible and found fit for such ad-hoc appointment.
- iv. All ad-hoc appointees have to be replaced by regular incumbents at the earliest opportunity. When regular promotions are made subsequently, reversion of the ad-hoc appointees should take place strictly in the reverse order of seniority, the junior-most candidate being reverted first. No special concessions are to be given to SC/ST candidates at the time of such reversion.
- v. There is no need for maintaining any separate formal register or roster register for ad-hoc promotions. The concept of dereservation, carrying forward of reservation etc. will also not be applicable in the case of ad-hoc appointments. However, a simple register called Ad-hoc Promotions Register may be maintained for different categories of posts for which ad-hoc appointments are made to facilitate a record being kept of the ad-hoc appointments and for ensuring reversion in the proper order on regular promotions being made to the posts in question.

No. 36011/14/83-Estt.(SCT) dated 30/04/1983 [O.M.No.36012/27/2000-Estt.(Res) 15/03/2002]

6. Reservation in case of a Single Vacancy

The concept of reservation in single vacancy has been clarified vide OM No. 1/9/74-Estt. SCT dated 29.4.1975. The OM dated 29.4.1975 provides that in cases where only one vacancy occurs in the initial recruitment year and the corresponding roster point happens to be for a Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes, it should be treated as unreserved and filled accordingly and the reservation carried forward to subsequent three recruitment years. In the subsequent year(s), even if there is only one vacancy, it should be treated as "Reserved" against the carried-forward reservation form the initial recruitment year and a Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribes candidate, if available, should be appointed against that vacancy, although it may happen to be the only vacancy

in that recruitment year(s). For instance, if a single vacancy arises in the initial recruitment year 1975, and it falls at a reserved point in the roster, it will be treated as 'unreserved' and filled accordingly in that year but the reservation would be carried-forward to subsequent recruitment year(s). In the first subsequent year, i.e. 1976, if, again a single vacancy occurs, then it should be treated as reserved against the reservation carried-forward from 1975, and a Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribes candidate, as the case may be, should be appointed against that vacancy, in spite of the fact that the vacancy happens to be the only vacancy in that recruitment year. In the event of a Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribes candidate not being available to fill the reserved vacancy in 1976, the reservation would be further carried-forward to 1977 and 1978, when also a single vacancy, if any, arising in those years should be treated as "reserved" against the carried-forward reservation, whereafter, the reservation will lapse. The year in which no vacancy arises will be ignored for counting the effective years towards the period of carry-forward.

If a single vacancy falls at a reserved point for SC/ST and is filled by SC/ST candidate on the basis of own merit or seniority, it need not be treated as unreserved and reservation should not be carried forward. Further, if a single vacancy falls at a reserved point for SC/ST and is filled by a candidate of the other reserved community on the basis of his own merit or seniority, as the case may be, the vacancies will be treated as unreserved and treated as if it is filled by a general category candidate and the vacancy shall also be carried forward.

[1/9/74Estt.(SCT) dated 29/04/1975] [36011/39/81-Estt.(SCT) dated 30/11/1981]

NOTE: For dereservation of vacancy, instructions issued vide OM No. 3602012/2007-Estt(Res) dated 7/12/2009 may be referred, which was issued after 2.7.1997 when the instructions for introduction of post based reservation roster was issued vide OM No. 36012/2/96-Estt (Res.) dated 02/07/1997

7. Reservation in PSUs, Autonomous Bodies etc

Instructions contained in this Compendium relate to reservation for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes in posts/services under the Government of India. The Public Sector Undertakings, Statutory and Semi-Government Bodies, Autonomous Bodies/Institutions, including Municipal Corporations, Cooperative Institutions, Universities etc. under the control of the Government, may make reservation for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes in their services on the lines of the reservations in services under Government. The Department of Public Enterprises, Ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises may arrange for issue of suitable directives to the various public sector undertakings, through the administrative Ministries concerned for making reservations for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes in their services. The Ministries/Departments should take suitable action to provide for reservations for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes in the services of the autonomous bodies/institutions which are receiving grants-in-aid from the Government of India by making suitable provision in the relevant statutes or in the Articles of Association of the respective bodies.

8. Reservation in Voluntary Agencies

The Ministries/Departments should insist as a pre-condition to the sanction of grants-in-aid from Central Government to a non-Government organizations/voluntary agency etc. that it shall provide reservation to the extent of 15% to SCs, 7.5% to STs and 27% to OBCs in case of direct recruitment on all India basis and as shown in the table under in case of direct recruitment to posts normally attracting candidates from a locality or region where:

- a. The recipient body employs more than 20 persons on a regular basis and at least 50 percent of its recurring expenditure is met from grants-in-aid from the Central Government; and
- b. The body is a registered society or a cooperative institution and is in receipt of a general purpose annual grants-in-aid of Rs.2lakh and above from the Consolidated Fund of India.

A clause providing for reservations in the services under the voluntary agencies should be included in the terms and conditions under which such voluntary agencies /organizations etc. are given grants-in-aid by Government, somewhat on the following lines:

".....(Name of Organization/ Agency etc.) agrees to make reservations for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes in the posts/services under its control on the lines indicated by the Government of India."

While sanctioning grants-in-aid to various voluntary agencies the progress made by such agencies in employing Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribe and Other Backward Class candidates in their services should be kept in view by the administrative Ministries/Departments. The voluntary agencies etc. should be informed that the progress in respect to the employment by them of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and OBCs in the services under them would be taken into account by Government while sanctioning future grants-in-aid to them.

[O.M.No.27/12/73-Estt.SCT) dated 7/10/1974]

9. Reservation in temporary appointments lasting for 45 days or more

There shall be reservation for Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe/ Other Backward Class candidates in temporary appointments which are to last for 45 days or more.

[27/4/67(II)-Estt.(SCT) dated 24/09/1968] [36036/3/2018-Estt.(Res.) dated 15/05/2018]

C. RELAXATIONS AND CONCESSIONS

1. Concession in Promotions within Group A

There is no reservation in case of promotion by 'selection' from a Group A post to another Group A post. But when promotion by 'selection' is made from a Group A post to a Group A post carrying Grade pay of Rs.8700/- or less, the Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Officers, who are senior enough in the zone of consideration for promotion so as to be within the number of vacancies for which the select list has to be drawn up, would be included in that list, provided they are not considered unfit for promotion. Their position in the select list would, however, be same as assigned to them by the Departmental Promotion Committee on the basis of their record of service.

[O.M No. 36028/8/2009-Estt(Res) dt.7/06/2013]

2. Consideration for Appointment by Deputation and Absorption

Reservations do not apply to posts filled by deputation or absorption, but whenever a Ministry/Department/Attached Office/Subordinate Office etc. proposes to depute, in public interest, officers serving under them, to a post in or under another Ministry/Department etc., the Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe employees serving under them, who are eligible to be sent on deputation should also be considered, along with other eligible employees for such deputation. The Ministries/Departments, under whose control the posts to be filled by deputation or absorption arise, should also, while selecting persons for such post(s), duly consider the cases of eligible Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe employees whose names have been forwarded, for appointment on deputation or absorption to those posts. Where the number of posts to be filled on deputation or absorption by any employing Ministry or Office is fairly substantial, the employing Ministry/Head of Office concerned should endeavor to see that a fair proportion of such posts is filled by employees belonging to Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes, subject of course, to availability, from the feeder categories, of qualified persons belonging to these communities.

> [DP&AR OM No. 36021/6/75-Estt(SCT), dt. 9/10/1975] [DP&AR O.M No36012/7/77-Estt (SCT) dt. 21/01/1978]

3. Age Relaxation in Direct Recruitment

The maximum age-limit prescribed for direct recruitment to a service or post shall be increased by 5 years in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and by 3 years in the case of candidates belonging to OBCs.

[MHA No.15/1/55-SCT dt.30/04/1955] [OM No. 43013/2/95-Estt(SCT), dt. 25/01/1995]

4. Age Relaxation in Promotion

Where an upper age-limit not exceeding 50 years is prescribed for promotion to a service/post, it shall be relaxed by 5 years in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. This, however, would not apply to posts which have arduous field duties or are meant for operational safety and to posts in para-Military Organizations.

[O.M No. 21/9/70-Estt(SCT), dt.8/12/1971]

5. Concession in Fee

The candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes will not be required to pay any fees for admission to any recruitment examination/selection.

O.M No. 36011/3/84-Estt(SCT) dt. 1/07/1985

6. Relaxation of Experience Qualification for SCs and STs in Direct Recruitment

Where some period of experience is prescribed as an essential qualification for direct recruitment to a post, and where, in the opinion of the Ministry/Department concerned, the relaxation of the experience qualification will not be inconsistent with efficiency, a provision should be inserted under the 'Essential Qualification' in the relevant Recruitment Rules as at (a) or (b) below to enable the Union Public Service Commission/competent authority to relax the 'experience' qualification in the case of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates in the circumstances mentioned in the provisions:-

a. Where the post is filled by direct recruitment through the Union Public Service Commission, the provision to be inserted will be:

"The qualification regarding experience is relaxable at the discretion of the Union Public Service Commission in the case of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes, if at any stage of selection, the Union Public Service Commission is of the opinion that sufficient number of candidates from these communities possessing the requisite experience are not likely to be available to fill up the vacancies reserved for them. The appointing authority shall record the reasons for relaxing the qualifications regarding experience in writing while doing so."

b. Where the post is filled by direct recruitment otherwise than through the Union Public Service Commission, the provision to be inserted will be:

"The qualification regarding experience is relaxable at the discretion of the competent authority in the case of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes, if at any stage of selection the competent authority is of the opinion that

sufficient number of candidates from these communities possessing the requisite experience are not likely to be available to fill up the vacancies reserved for them. The appointing authority shall record the reasons for relaxing the qualifications regarding experience in writing while doing so."

When any vacancies reserved for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes are advertised or intimated to the Employment Exchange, it should be specifically mentioned in the advertisement/requisition that the period of experience prescribed is relaxable, at the discretion of the Union Public Service Commission or the competent authority, as the case may be, in the case of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates as provided in the Recruitment Rules. This is intended to ensure that the aspirants who may fall slightly short of the requisite experience may know about the possibility of relaxation in their regard.

DP&AR O.M No.27/10/71-Estt (SCT) dt. 5/09/1975

7. Relaxation of Standard of Suitability in Direct Recruitment

In direct recruitment whether by examination or otherwise, if sufficient number of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe/Other Backward Class candidates are not available on the basis of the general standard to fill all the vacancies reserved for them, candidates belonging to these communities should be selected to fill up the remaining vacancies reserved for them, provided they are not found unfit for such post or posts. Thus, to the extent the number of vacancies reserved for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes cannot be filled on the basis of general standard, candidates belonging to these communities will be taken by relaxed standard to make up the deficiency in the reserved quota, subject to the fitness of these candidates for appointment to the post/posts in question.

[MHA O.M No. 1/1/70-Estt (SCT), 25/07/1970]

In addition to the concession referred to above, in cases where the requisite number of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe/Other Backward Class candidates fulfilling even the relaxed standards admissible in their cases are not available to fill the vacancies reserved for them in non-technical and quasitechnical Group C and D services/posts required to be filled by direct recruitment otherwise than by written examination, the selecting authorities should, to the extent of the vacancies reserved for Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribe/Other Backward Class, select for appointment the best among the Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe/Other Backward Class candidates who fulfill the minimum educational qualifications laid down in the notice for recruitment of advertisement. In order to bring such candidates to the minimum standard necessary for the posts and for the maintenance of efficiency of administration, they should be given in-service training. The in-service training will be provided by the appointing authorities within their own offices. Such candidates will, on their appointment, be placed on probation and the rules/orders regarding probation will apply to them.

Ministries /Departments should instruct all authorities under them to prepare a list of non-technical and quasi-technical posts in Group C and D to which the provisions given above apply. While notifying vacancies in such posts or advertising them, it should be indicated that the posts are non-technical in Group C and D.

(O.M.No 24/7/67(I)-Estt.(SCT) dated 24/09/1968)

8. No Relaxation in Educational Qualification

Where an educational qualification has been prescribed in the recruitment rules, all candidates including the SC, ST and OBC candidates shall satisfy the said qualification. Sometimes, a minimum number of marks or a minimum grade is prescribed as part of the educational qualification in the recruitment rules. In such cases, the minimum marks/grade so prescribed shall uniformly apply to all candidates including SC, ST and OBC candidates.

[OM No. 36011/8/84-Estt(SCT) dt. 29/05/1985]

9. Relaxation of Standards in Departmental Competitive / Qualifying Examinations

If in case of promotions made through departmental competitive examinations, sufficient number of Schedule Caste / Scheduled Tribe candidates are not available on the basis of general standard to fill all the vacancies reserved for them, Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates who have not acquired the general qualifying standard can also be considered for promotion to fill up the remaining vacancies reserved for them provided they are not found unfit for such promotions. In other words, the qualifying standard in such examinations can be relaxed in favor of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe candidates if sufficient number of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates is not available on the basis of general standard to fill all the vacancies reserved for them.

In promotions made on the basis of seniority subject to fitness in which there is reservation for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and where a qualifying examination is held to determine the fitness of candidates for such promotion, suitable relaxation in the qualifying standard in such examination should be made in the case of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates. Similar relaxation of standard should be made in favor of Scheduled Tribe Caste/Scheduled candidates departmental in such qualifying examinations for promotions also, where promotion is made by selection and merit is determined by qualifying examination out of the qualified candidates. The extent of relaxation in above cases should be decided on each occasion whenever such an examination is held taking into account all relevant factors including (i) the number of vacancies reserved, (ii) the performance of Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates as well as general candidates in that examination, (iii) the minimum standard of fitness for appointment to the post, and also (iv) the overall strength of the cadre and that of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in that cadre.

[DP&AR O.M No. 36021/10/76-Estt(SCT), 21/01/1977]

D. RESERVATION ROSTER, GROUPING OF POSTS, OWN MERIT APPOINTMENT AND COMPASSIONATE APPOINTMENT

1. Post based reservation roster

In 'R. K. Sabharwal And Ors vs State Of Punjab And Ors', Hon'ble Supreme Court, considered the legal/constitutional validity of the reservation policy, applicable in the matter of promotion of the officers of Engineering cadre in the Irrigation Department of the State of Punjab. Vide its judgement dated 10.2.1995, Hon'ble Supreme Court held, "When a percentage of reservation is fixed in respect of a particular cadre and the roster indicates the reserve points, it has to be taken that the posts shown at the reserve points are to be filled from amongst the members of reserve categories and the candidates belonging to the general category are not entitled to be considered for the reserve posts. On the other hand the reserve category candidates can compete for the non-reserve posts and in the event of their appointment to the said posts their number cannot be added and taken into consideration for working out the percentage of reservation." The Hon'ble Court further held, "When all the roster-points in a cadre are filled the required percentage of reservation is achieved. Once the total cadre has full representation of the Scheduled Casts/Tribes and Backward Classes in accordance with the reservation policy then the vacancies arising thereafter in the cadre are to be filled from amongst the category of persons to whom the respective vacancies belong". In pursuance of the aforesaid judgement, DoPT, vide its OM, dated 2.7.1997, has laid down detailed guidelines for maintenance and operation of the post-based reservation roster and also prescribed model reservation rosters. The broad principles to be followed for operation of the rosters are as under:

- i. The vacancy-based rosters can operate only till such time as the representation of persons belonging to the reserved categories, in a cadre, reaches the prescribed percentage of reservation. Thereafter, the vacancy based rosters cannot operate and vacancies released by retirement, resignation, promotion etc. of the persons belonging to the general and the reserved categories are to be filled by appointment of persons from the respective category (i.e. post based reservation roster) so that the prescribed percentage of reservation is maintained.
- ii. Rosters are only an aid to determine the entitlement of different categories with regard to the quota reserved for them. They are not to determine seniority.
- iii. There should be separate rosters for direct recruitment and promotion where reservation in promotion applies.
- iv. While cadre is generally to be construed as the number of posts in a particular grade, for the purpose of preparation of roster, it shall comprise posts required to be filled by a particular mode of recruitment in terms of the applicable recruitment rules.
- v. Whenever there is any increase or decrease in the cadre strength, the roster shall be correspondingly expanded or contracted. The same will also apply whenever there is a change in recruitment rules which affects the proportion of posts to be filled by a particular mode of recruitment

- vi. While operating the roster, persons belonging to communities for whom reservation has been made, but who are appointed on merit and not owing to reservation should not be shown against reserved points. They will occupy the unreserved points.
- vii. In the case of small cadres (up to 13 posts) all the posts shall be earmarked on the same pattern as in the model post-based rosters. Initial recruitment against these posts shall be by the category for which the post is earmarked. Replacement of incumbents of posts shall be by rotation as shown horizontally against the cadre strength as applicable. While operating the relevant roster, care will have to be taken to ensure that on no occasion the percentage of reserved category candidates exceed 50%. If such a situation occurs at any time, the relevant reserved point occurring as a result of rotation will be skipped.

However, for detailed instructions, <u>O.M.No.36012/2/96-Estt.(Res.) dated</u> 2/07/1997, may be referred.

2. Manner of filling up of the reserved vacancies

While filling up of vacancies in a year, efforts shall be made to make up the shortfall of reservation for all the three categories, namely, SCs, STs and OBCs subject, however, to the condition that total number of vacancies reserved for SCs, STs and OBCs is not more than 50% of the vacancies of the year.

The ceiling of 50% reservation on filling of reserved vacancies would apply only to the vacancies which arise in the current year and the backlog reserved vacancies of SCs, STs and OBCs in case of direct recruitment and backlog reserved vacancies of SCs and STs in case of promotion of earlier years, would be treated as a separate and distinct group, and would not be considered together with the reserved vacancies of the year in which they are filled for determining the ceiling of 50% reservation on total number of vacancies of that year.

However, backlog and/or carried forward reservation will automatically lapse in a cadre as soon as combined representation of a reserved category in direct recruitment as well as promotion is either equal to or more than the prescribed number of reserved posts in the relevant post-based rosters (OM No. 36012/5/97-Estt (Res.) (Vol.II) dated 20.7.2000).

- **Note 1**: **Shortfall of reservation** of a particular reserved category in a cadre means the difference between the 'total number of reserved posts for that category in the cadre' and 'the number of persons of that category appointed by reservation and holding the posts in the cadre'.
- **Note 2**: Backlog **reserved vacancies** of a category are those vacancies which were earmarked reserved for that category in an earlier recruitment year(s) but remained unfilled in the previous recruitment attempt(s) on account of non availability of suitable candidates belonging to that category and are still lying unfilled.

Given below is an illustration which would clarify the method of earmarking reservation for SCs, STs, and OBCs. Since backlog does not apply to EWS, the EWS category is not finding mention in this example.

- i. There is a cadre having a total number of 1000 posts which are filled by direct recruitment on all India basis by open competition. The number of SC, ST and OBC employees appointed by reservation in the cadre should ideally be 150, 75 and 270 respectively when all the posts are filled.
- ii. Suppose all the 1000 posts stood filled in the year 2006 but the number of SC, ST and OBC employees appointed by reservation was 130, 75 and 100 respectively. There was, thus, a shortfall of 20 SCs and 170 OBCs in the cadre in that year.
- iii. Suppose 200 vacancies occurred in the cadre in the recruitment year 2007, of which 20 were vacated by SCs, 10 by STs and rest by unreserved category candidates. After vacation of these posts, shortfall of SCs, STs and OBCs in the cadre became 40, 10 and 170 respectively. Though there was a big shortfall of SCs, STs and OBCs in the cadre, only 100 of these vacancies could be earmarked reserved because all the 200 vacancies were current vacancies and limit of 50% on reservation in a year would apply on these vacancies.
- Shortfall of SCs and OBCs was more than 15% and 27% respectively of iv. the current vacancies. Therefore, 15% of the current vacancies were straightway earmarked reserved for SCs and 27% for OBCs i.e. 30 vacancies were earmarked reserved for SCs and 54 for the OBCs. Shortfall of STs was 10 which is less than 7.5% of total vacancies. Therefore, only 10 vacancies were earmarked reserved for STs. Applying the above principle, 94 vacancies were earmarked reserved. This left room for 6 {100-(30+54+10)} more vacancies to be earmarked reserved to make up the shortfall. These 6 vacancies were apportioned between SCs and OBCs in the ratio of percentage of reservation prescribed for these categories viz. 15: 27, i.e. 2 for SCs and 4 for OBCs (fractions rounded off to the nearest whole number). However, while making such distribution, it has to be kept in view that the number of vacancies earmarked reserved for any category is not more than the shortfall of that category. Thus, final earmarking of reservation in respect of the vacancies for the year 2007 was 32 for SCs, 10 for STs and 58 for OBCs.
- v. Suppose only 20 SC candidates, 5 ST candidates and 50 OBC candidates could be appointed in the recruitment year 2007 against the vacancies reserved for them. Thus, 12 vacancies of SCs, 5 vacancies of STs and 8 vacancies of OBCs which were earmarked reserved could not be filled and remained vacant. These 12 vacancies of SCs, 5 vacancies of STs and 8 vacancies of OBCs which were earmarked reserved but remained vacant in the recruitment attempt will be treated as backlog reserved vacancies for the subsequent recruitment year. After the recruitment process for the year 2007 was over, total number of posts filled was 975, of which 130, 70 and 150 were held respectively by SCs, STs and OBCs. It may be noted that shortfall of reservation of SCs, STs and OBCs at this stage was 20, 5 and 120 respectively. However, number of backlog reserved vacancies of SCs, STs and OBCs was 12, 5 and 8 respectively.
- vi. Suppose 200 vacancies occurred in the recruitment year 2008 of which 20 were vacated by SCs, 10 by STs and 20 by OBCs. At this stage shortfall of SCs, STs and OBCs was 40, 15 and 140 respectively. Total vacancies in the year were 200+12+5+8=225, of which 200 were current vacancies and 25 backlog vacancies. While earmarking reservation, 25 backlog reserved vacancies of SCs, STs and OBCs will be treated as a separate and distinct group and will be kept reserved-12 for SCs, 5 for STs and 8 for OBCs. Of the 200 current vacancies, not more than 100 can be earmarked reserved. By applying the same principles as in the year 2007, out of 200 current vacancies, 28 were earmarked reserved for SCs,10 for STs and 62 for

OBCs. Thus the number of vacancies reserved for SCs, STs and OBCs in the recruitment year 2008, including the backlog reserved vacancies, were 40, 15 and 70 respectively. If only 35 SCs, 12 STs and 50 OBCs become available to fill up the reserved vacancies, 5 vacancies of SCs, 3 vacancies of STs and 20 vacancies of OBCs will be kept vacant and will be treated as backlog reserved vacancies for the subsequent recruitment year.

(O.M.No.36033/1/2008-Estt.(Res.) dated 15/07/2008) (OM No. 36012/5/97-Estt (Res.) (Vol.II) dated 20/07/2000)

3. Non- permissibility of exchange of reservation between SCs and STs

After the introduction of post-based reservation, various ministries/departments have been seeking clarification whether it is possible to fill up a post reserved for Scheduled Tribes by a Scheduled Caste candidate or vice versa by applying the principle of exchange of reservation between Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes as was possible when vacancy-based rosters were in vogue.

2. Basic principle of post-based reservation is that the number of posts filled by reservation by any category in a cadre should be equal to the quota prescribed for that category. If exchange of reservation between SCs and STs is permitted, number of employees of one reserved category of employees appointed by reservation will go beyond reservation prescribed for that category. It would be against the spirit of post-based reservation. Therefore, after introduction of post-based reservation, it is not permissible to fill up a post reserved for Scheduled Tribes by a Scheduled Caste candidate or vice-versa by exchange of reservation between SCs and STs.

(OM No.36012/17/2002-Estt.(Res) dated 6/11/2003)

4. Grouping of Posts

In the case of posts filled by direct recruitment, isolated posts and small cadres may be grouped with posts in the same class for the purpose of reservation orders taking into account the status, salary and qualifications prescribed for the posts in question.

For the purposes of determining the reservation, the vacancies occurring in various constituents of the Group may be plotted on the roster strictly in a chronological order i.e. sequence of date of occurrence.

While reservations would be made according to the groups as provided above, the total reservation in any of the posts/services so grouped should not exceed 50 per cent of the vacancies to be filled in it i.e. in the particular post/service, in a recruitment year. The total reservation for SCs, STs and OBCs in any post or service should also not exceed 50 percent of the total number of posts in the particular post/service.

(OM No. 1/4/1970-Estt (SCT) dated 11/11/1971) (OM No. 8/1/1974-Estt (SCT) dated 12/12/1974) (OM No. 36011/17/85-Estt.(SCT), dated the 23/07/1985)

5. Appointment of SC/ST/OBC on Own Merit

i. Own Merit in direct recruitment:

SC/ST/OBC candidates, who are selected on the same standard as applied to general candidates i.e. without relaxation in age limit, experience qualification, permitted number of chances in written examination, extended zone of consideration larger than what is provided to the general category candidates etc., shall not be adjusted against reserved vacancies.

(OM No. 36011/1/98-Estt (Res) dated 1/07/1998)

- ii. **Own Merit in promotion:** In case of promotion, the instructions relating to own merit are as under:
 - The SC/ST candidates appointed by promotion on their own merit and not owing to reservation or relaxation of qualifications will not be adjusted against the reserved points of the reservation roster. They will be adjusted against unreserved points.
 - If an unreserved vacancy arises in a cadre and there is any SC/ST candidate within the normal zone of consideration in the feeder grade, such SC/ST candidate cannot be denied promotion on the plea that the post is not reserved. Such a candidate will be considered for promotion along with other candidates treating him as if he belongs to general category. In case he is selected ,he will be appointed to the post and will be adjusted against the unreserved point.
 - SC/ST candidates appointed on their own merit (by direct recruitment or promotion)and adjusted against unreserved points will retain their status of SC/ST and will be eligible to get benefit of reservation in future/further promotions, if, any.
 - 50% limit on reservation will be computed by excluding such reserved category candidates, who are appointed/promoted on their own merit.
 - The principle of Own Merit will apply whether the promotion is made by selection method or non-selection method.

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(OM No.36028/17/2001 - Estt (Res.) dated 11/07/2002)
(OM No.36028/17/2001 - Estt (Res.) dated 31/01/2005)
(OM No. 36012/45/2005-Estt. (Res.) dated 10/08/2010)
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<u>Note:</u> DoPT OM dated 10.8.2010 regarding promotion of SC/ST on Own Merit is presently sub judice before the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the SLP No. 30621/2011 titled 'Jarnail Singh &Ors Vs. LachhmiNarain Gupta &Ors.'.

6. Adjustment of Compassionate Appointees

A person selected for appointment on compassionate grounds should be adjusted in the reservation register/ reservation roster register against the appropriate category viz. SC/ST/OBC/UR category, depending upon the category to which he belongs. For example, if he belongs to SC, he shall be

adjusted against a vacancy reserved for SCs. Similarly if he is an ST or OBC candidate, he shall be adjusted against vacancy reserved for STs or OBCs, as the case may be. An unreserved category candidate shall be adjusted against an unreserved vacancy.

(O.M.No.14014/6/1995-Estt(D) dated 26/09/1995)

E. DE-RESERVATION

1. DE-RESERVATION

A vacancy reserved for SCs or STs or OBCs cannot be filled by a candidate other than an SC or ST or OBC candidate, as the case may be. However, a reserved vacancy may be declared unreserved in exceptional cases, by following the procedure of de-reservation, as given below where-after it can be filled as an unreserved vacancy.

De-reservation in case of Direct Recruitment

There is a general ban on de-reservation of reserved vacancies in case of direct recruitment. However, in rare and exceptional cases when a vacancy in a Group 'A' service cannot be allowed to remain vacant in public interest, the administrative Ministry/Department may prepare a proposal for de-reservation of the vacancy giving following information:

- i. Designation of the post;
- ii. Pay scale of the post;
- iii. Name of the service to which the post belongs;
- iv. Duties and responsibilities attached to the post;
- v. Educational and other qualifications prescribed for the post;
- vi. Efforts made to fill up the post;
- vii. Reasons why it cannot be allowed to remain vacant;
- viii. Justification for de-reservation; and
 - ix. Any other relevant information.

The administrative Ministry shall consult the National Commission for Scheduled Castes in respect of vacancy reserved for SCs, the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes in respect of vacancy reserved for STs and the National Commission for Backward Classes in respect of vacancy reserved for OBCs. After obtaining the comments of the concerned Commission, the administrative Ministry/Department shall place the proposal alongwith the Commission's comments before a Committee comprising of the Secretaries in the Department of Personnel and Training, the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, and the Ministry/Department under which the recruitment is to be made for consideration and recommendation. The recommendations of the Committee shall be placed before the Minister in charge of the Department of Personnel and Training for taking a final decision. If de-reservation of the vacancy is approved, it can be filled as an unreserved vacancy.

De-reservation in case of Promotion

In case of promotion, if sufficient number of SC/ST candidates fit for promotion against reserved vacancies are not available, such vacancies may be de-reserved and filled by the candidates of other communities. The power to accord approval to de-reservation of the reserved vacancies in such cases is delegated to the administrative Ministries and Departments subject to the following conditions:

- i. no candidate belonging to the category for which the vacancy is reserved is available within the zone of consideration or extended zone of consideration or eligible for promotion in the feeder cadre(s) specified in the relevant service / recruitment rules / orders;
- ii. the proposal for de-reservation has been seen and concurred in by the Liaison Officer of the Ministry / Department;
- iii. the proposal for de-reservation is agreed to at a level not lower than that of Joint Secretary to the Government of India, in the administrative Ministry / Department (proper)concerned; and
- iv. in the event of disagreement between the appointing authority and the Liaison Officer, the advice of the Department of Personnel & Training is obtained.

Before taking a decision to de-reserve a vacancy under the delegated powers, the administrative Ministry / Department shall prepare a proposal in the proforma given in the Annexure and send one copy thereof each to the Department of Personnel & Training and the National Commission for Scheduled Castes in respect of vacancies reserved for SCs and to the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes in respect of vacancies reserved for STs. After sending the proposal, the Ministry / Department shall wait for a period of at least two weeks for the comments of the Department of Personnel & Training and the concerned National Commission. If no comments are received from the Department of Personnel & Training or the concerned Commission within two weeks, the administrative Ministry / Department may presume that the DOPT or the concerned National Commission, as the case may be, do not have any comments to offer and may take a decision regarding de-reservation of the vacancy. In case the Ministry / Department receives comments from the DOPT or the concerned Commission within two weeks, the comments so received shall be considered while taking a decision in the matter.

While sending the copy of the proposal to the Commissions / Department of Personnel & Training, it should be ensured that the proposal / proforma duly filled in is signed by an officer of the rank of Under Secretary or above in the administrative Ministry / Department.

The Attached / Subordinate Offices etc. should not send the proposal direct to the Department of Personnel and Training or to the concerned National Commission. They should send the proposal to the administrative Ministry/ Department who will examine the proposal and send it to the Department of Personnel and Training and to the concerned National Commission.

PROPOSAL FOR DE-RESERVATION OF VACANCIES RESERVED FOR SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES IN POSTS FILLED BY PROMOTION.

| 1. Name of the Office/Organisation to which the post (s) relate | |
|---|----------|
| 2. Particulars of the post in which vacancies are proposed to be de-reserved | |
| (a) Name of the post | |
| (b) Group (Class) | |
| (c) Scale of Pay | |
| 3. Information about posts in the promotion quota | |
| (a) Mode of promotion viz by Selection or Non-Selection or by Departmental Examination etc. | |
| (b) No. of posts already filled by the given mode of promotion | |
| (c) Number of backlog reserved vacancies in respect of the given mode of promotion | SCsTotal |
| (d)Number of current vacancies to be filled by the given mode of promotion | |
| (e) Total number of vacanciesto be filled (current vacancies+ backlog vacancies) by the given mode of promotion | |
| (f) Total number of posts in the given mode of promotion (b+e) | |
| 4. No. of posts already held by the candidates appointed by reservation in the cadre | SCs STs |
| | |

| 5. If cadre strength is less than 14 and reservation is given by rotation, cycle no. and point no. of the roster on which the vacancy falls | Cycle NoPoint No |
|--|---|
| 6. Number of vacancies earmarked reserved | |
| (a)Out of the current vacancies | SCs STs |
| (b) Backlog reserved vacancies | SCs STs |
| (c)Total reserved vacancies (a+b) | SCs STs |
| 7. Number of vacancies proposed to be de-reserved | SCs STs |
| candidates in the feeder grade (d) Number of SC/ST candidates considered fit for promotion (e) Number of SC/ST candidates considered not fit for promotion | SCsSTs SCsSTs SCsSTs SCsSTs SCsSTs SCsSTs |

| 9. <u>If promotion is by</u> | |
|---|--------|
| selection | |
| (a) Size of the normal zone of consideration | |
| (b) Size of the extended zone of consideration for SCs/STs (5 times the total number of vacancies) | |
| (c) Number of eligible SC/ST candidates in the extended zone of consideration | SCsSTs |
| (d) Number of SC/ST candidates found fit for promotion | SCsSTs |
| (e) Number of SC/ST candidates considered not fit for promotion | SCsSTs |
| (f) If sufficient number of SC/ST candidates are not eligible for promotion on the crucial date, the date on which the senior-most SC/ST candidate will become eligible for promotion and his place in the seniority list | SCsSTs |
| 10. If promotion is through Departmental Qualifying or Departmental Competitive Examination, the number of SC/ST candidates who qualified the examination | SCsSTs |
| 11. Whether other category candidates are available in the Select List for appointment to the vacancies sought to be dereserved | |
| 12(a)Whether SC/ST candidates considered unfit had any adverse entries in their C.R.s considered by the DPC | |
| (b) If yes, whether such adverse entries were communicated in time to the SC/ST officer (s) concerned | |
| (c) Whether the cases of the eligible SC/ST candidates not found fit for promotion were submitted / reported to the Minister / Minister of State / Deputy Minister / Secretary / Head of the Department, as the case may be | |
| 13. Where interviews are | |

| prescribed, whether SC/ST candidates were interviewed on a day or sitting of theSelection Committee other than the day / sitting on / in which general candidates were interviewed | |
|--|--|
| 14(a) If ex-post-facto approval is sought to the de-reservation of vacancies, the reasons why proposal for prior de-reservation was not made, and what steps have been taken to prevent its recurrence | |
| (b)The level at which it was decided to fill the reserved vacancies by other category candidate (s) without prior dereservation | |

It is certified

- (1) that the proposal for de-reservation is agreed to at the level of Joint Secretary to the Government of India in the administrative Ministry / Department.
- (2) that the proposal has been seen and concurred in by the Liaison Officer of the Ministry / Department.
- (3) that copies of this proposal are simultaneously being sent to the National Commission for Scheduled Castes / National Commission for Scheduled Tribes and the Department of Personnel & Training.

| | Signature |
|------------------|-------------|
| Name of the Sign | ing Officer |
| | Designation |
| | Tele. No |
| No | |
| Date | |

To

- 1. Department of Personnel & Training, New Delhi.
- 2. National Commission for Scheduled Castes / National Commission for Scheduled Tribes.

(OM No. 3602012/2007-Estt(Res) dated 7/12/2009)

NOTE: DoPT does not encourage dereservation of reserved vacancies. On receiving the proposal from the Ministries/Departments, they are advised by DoPT to explore the possibility of filling up the reserved vacancy by other mode of recruitment as per provision of the Recruitment Rules.

F. VERIFICATION OF THE CASTE/COMMUNITY/TRIBE CERTIFICATE

1. Responsibility for issue and verification of caste/community/tribe certificate lies with the concerned State/UT Government

The responsibility for issue and verification of caste/community lies with the concerned State/UT Government. Hon'ble Supreme Court, vide its judgement, dated 2.9.1994, in the matter of 'Kumari Madhuri Patil vs Addl. Commissioner', has held that the admission wrongly gained or appointment wrongly obtained on the basis of false social status certificate necessarily has the effect of depriving the genuine Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes or OBC candidates, as enjoined in the Constitution, of the benefits conferred on them by the Constitution. Accordingly, in order to streamline the procedure for the issuance of social status certificates, their scrutiny and their approval, the Hon'ble Supreme Court, vide its aforesaid judgement, has laid down detailed guidelines to be followed by the State Governments, which inter alia, include constitution of a Committee headed by the Additional or Joint Secretary and constitution of a vigilance cell headed by Senior Deputy Superintendent of Police to investigate into the social status claims.

2. Authorities competent to issue caste/tribe/community certificates

As per the instruction issued from time to time, caste/tribe/communities certificates issued by the following authorities are accepted:

- 1. District Magistrate/Additional District Magistrate/Collector/ Deputy Commissioner/Additional Deputy Commissioner/Deputy Collector/1st Class Stipendary Magistrate/Sub Divisional Magistrate/Taluka Magistrate/Executive Magistrate/Extra Assistant Commissioner.
- 2. Chief Presidency Magistrate/Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate/Presidency Magistrate.
- 3. Revenue Officer not below the rank of Tehsildar: and
- 4. Sub-Divisional Officer of the area where the candidate not/or his family normally resides.

The format of caste/tribe certificate in respect of Scheduled Castes/Tribes is at **Annexure I** and the format of community certificate in respect of Other Backward Classes is at **Annexure II**.

(DoPT O.M No. 36012/6/88-Estt.(SCT) dated the 24/04/1990)

(DoPT O.M No. 36012/22/93-Estt.(SCT) dated the 22/10/1993)

[DoPT O.M No. 36036/2/2013-Estt.(Res) dated the 30/05/2014]

FORM OF SCHEDULED CASTE/TRIBE CERTIFICATE

| This is to certify that | t Shri | /Shrimati*/ | Kumar* | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| son/daughter* of | | _of village* / | 'town* | | in | | |
| district/Division* | t | elongs to th | ne | Caste | e/Tribe* | | |
| which is recognised as a Schedu | ıled Ca | aste/Schedi | uled Tribe* | under: | | | |
| @The Constitution (Scheduled C @ The Constitution (Scheduled C & & 1956, the Bombay Reorganisation) Act, 1971 and Corders (Amendment) Act, 1971 and Corders (Amendment) Act, 1976]. @ The Constitution (Jammu and @ The Constitution (Dadra and N @ The Constitution (Dadra and N @ The Constitution (Pondicherry @ The Constitution (Goa, Damar @ The Constitution (Goa, Damar @ The Constitution (Nagaland) S @ The Constitution (Sikkim) Scheduled | Castes) Tribe) Castes cd Tri te or S tion A radesh d the Magar Nagar Nagar O Sche chedule | Order, 1950 Order, 1950 Order, 1950 Struct, 1960, the Control of t | on Territories) Or Territories Cists the Punjab To, the No Caste and Castes and Castes Ced Tribes Order, 1976 Ter, 1978. | rder, 1951. es) Order, (Modification Reorganise orth Easte and Schedu s Order, 19 duled Trib ates Order, pes Order, 964. 1967. Order, 1968 rder, 1968 | 1951.[as on) Order, ation Act, ern Areas aled Tribe 56. es Order, 1962. | | |
| Caste/Tribe* which is recognised State/Union Territory* prescribed authority) vide their N | nion 7 on the /Shrin _in d as a | Territory Ade basis of the basis of the mati* district/Dwho be Scheduled issue | ministratione Schedul ivision elongs to Caste/Sch d by the dated_ | n: ed Caste/S father/ the eduled Tri | Scheduled mother of of the bes in the (name of | | |
| %3. Shri/Shrimati*/Kumari*_ordinarily reside(s) in village/tov | | | | | | | |
| District/Division of the State/Ur | nion T | erritory of_ | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Signature **Designation | | | | | | | |
| | | | ^^Designa | | | | |
| Place | | | | (with Sea | l of Office) | | |

| <u>State/</u> Union Territory |
|---|
| Date |
| * Please delete the words which are not applicable @Please quote specific Presidential Order %Delete the paragraph which is not applicable. |
| Note: The term "Ordinarily resides(s)" used here will have the same meaning as in Section 20 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950. ** List of authorities empowered to issue Scheduled Tribes Certificates: |
| District Magistrate/Additional District Magistrate/Collector/Deputy Commissioner/Additional Deputy Commissioner/Deputy Collector/ 1st Class Stipendiary Magistrate/ City Magistrate/Sub-Divisional Magistrate/ Taluk Magistrate/ Executive Magistrate Extra Assistant Commissioner. (not below the rank of 1stClass Stipendiary Magistrate) Chief Presidency Magistrate /Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate/ Presidency Magistrate. Sub-Divisional Officer of the area where the candidate and/or his family normally resides. Administrator/Secretary to Administrator/Development Officers (Lakshadweep Island). (MHA letter No. BC-16014/1/82-SC & BCD-I dated 6/08/1984) |
| Annexure-II |
| FORM OF CERTIFICATE FOR OTHER BACKWARD CLASSES |
| This to certify that Shri/Smt./Kumari of village/town in District/Division in the State/Union Territory belongs to the community which is recognised as a backward class under the Government of India, Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment's Resolution No dated Shri/Smt./Kumari and/or his/her family ordinarily reside(s) in the State/Union Territory. This is also to certify that he/she does not belong to the persons/sections (Creamy Layer) mentioned in column 3 of the Schedule to the Government of India, Department of Personnel & Training OM No.36012/22/93-Estt(SCT) dated 8.9.1993**. |
| District Magistrate, |
| Deputy Commissioner etc. |
| Dated: Seal |

* The authority issuing the certificate may have to mention the details of Resolution of Government of India, in which the cast of candidate is mentioned as OBC.

** As amended from time to time.

(OM No. 36036/2/2013-Estt.(Res) dated 30/05/2014)

3. Provisional appointment in case of false certificate produced by the candidates

Where a candidate belonging to a Scheduled Caste(SC) Scheduled Tribe(ST) and Other Backward Classes(OBC) is unable to produce a certificate from any of the prescribed authorities, he/she may be appointed provisionally on the basis of whatever prima-facie proof he/she is able to produce in support of his/her claim subject to his/her furnishing the prescribed certificate within a reasonable time and if there is genuine difficulty in his/her obtaining a certificate, the appointing authority should itself verify his/her claim through the District Magistrate concerned.

(DoPT OM No. 36019/7/1975-Estt (SCT) dated 31/10/1975) (DoPT OM No. 36011/1/2012-Estt (Res.) dated 08/10/2015) (DoPT letter No. 41034/4/2020-Estt (Res.) dated 19/03/2021)

In case of OBC certificate, it consists of two parts. The first part indicates that the concerned person belongs to a community listed as OBC and the second part indicates that the candidate does not fall in the creamy layer. While the OBC status of a candidate may change only when the community of the concerned candidate is removed from the OBC list, his/her creamy layer status may change any time.

Every candidate, seeking reservation as OBC, is required to submit a certificate regarding his/her 'OBC status and non-creamy layer status' issued by the prescribed authority. The 'OBC status' and /or 'non-creamy layer status' of the candidate, as pointed out above, may change after issue of the certificate making him/her ineligible for reservation. In order to ensure that candidates not eligible to get reservation do not seek reservation, a declaration, in addition to certificate issued by the competent authority, may be obtained from the candidates seeking reservation as OBCs in the following format:

| "I, | son/daughter of Shri | | | | | | | |
|------|----------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|-------|-------------|---------|--------|
| of | village/town/ | city | (| listrict | | | | State |
| | | hereby | declare | that | I | belong | to | the |
| | | commun | ity which is | recogniz | zed a | ıs a backwa | ırd cla | ass by |
| the | Government of | India for p | urpose of re | eservatio | n in | services as | per o | orders |
| con | tained in Depa | rtment of | Personnel | and Tra | ining | G Office Me | mora | ndum |
| No.3 | 36012/22/93-E | stt.(SCT) d | ated 8.9.19 | 93. It is | also | declared th | at I d | do not |
| belo | ong to persons/ | sections (C | Creamy Lay | er) ment | ione | d in Colum | ın 3 | of the |
| Sch | edule to the abo | ve referred | Office Men | orandui | n da | ted 8.9.199 | 3." | |

The appointing authority before appointing a person seeking appointment on the basis of reservation to OBCs should verify the veracity of the community certificate submitted by the candidate and also the fact that he/she does not fall in creamy layer on the crucial date. The crucial date for this purpose may be treated as the closing date for receipt of applications for the post except in cases where crucial date is fixed otherwise.

(DoPT OM No. 36033/4/97-Estt (Res.) dated 25/07/2003)

In view of the above, the appointing authorities should, in the offer of appointment to the candidates belonging to SC/ST/OBC, insert the following clause in the offer of appointment:

(a) The clause to be inserted in the offer of appointment in case of SC/ST candidates:

"The appointment is provisional and is subject to the castes/tribe certificates being verified through the proper channels and if the verification reveals that the claim to belong to Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes, as the case may be is false, the services will be terminated forthwith without assigning any further reasons and without prejudice to such further action as may be taken under the provisions of the Indian Penal Code for production of false certificate."

(DoPT OM No. 36012/6/88-Estt.(SCT) dated the 24/04/1990) (DoPT OM No. 36011/3/2005-Estt (Res.) dated 9/09/2005)

(b) The clause to be inserted in the offer of appointment in case of OBC candidates:

"The appointment is provisional and is subject to the community certificate being verified through the proper channels. If the verification reveals that the claim of the candidate to belong to Other Backward Classes or not to belong to creamy layer is false, his/her services will be terminated forthwith without assigning any further reasons and without prejudice to such further action as may be taken under the provisions of Indian Panel Code for production of false certificate."

(DoPT OM No. 36033/4/97-Estt (Res.) dated 25/07/2003)

4. Timely verification of caste certificate

DoPT has issued various guidelines from time to time for streamlining the process of verification of Caste Certificate of the employees, and has requested the State/UT Governments for timely verification of the same. However, as mentioned above, instances have come to notice that the appointing authority has taken an unduly long time in getting the caste status of an employee through the concerned State authorities which is totally in contravention of the existing instructions. DoPT has issued communications to the State/UT Governments from time to time requesting them to issue instructions to the District Magistrates/District Collectors/Deputy Commissioners of the districts to the effect that they should ensure at their own level that veracity of the Caste/Community certificate referred to the district authorities is verified and reported to the appointing authority within one month of receipt of request from such authority. The State/UT Governments have also been requested to initiate disciplinary proceedings against the officers who default in timely verification of Caste Status. Hence, the appointing authorities are required to take urgent necessary action for timely verification of the caste verification of the employees so that unscrupulous non SC/ST/OBC persons are prevented from securing jobs meant for SCs/STs/OBCs by producing false caste

certificates and benefit of reservation and other scheme of concessions etc. go only to the rightful claimants.

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(DoPT letter No. 36022/1/2007 - Estt (Res) dated 20.3.2007)
(DoPT letter No. 41034/3/2012 - Estt (Res) dated 11.4.2012)
(DoPT OM No. 36011/1/2012-Estt (Res.) dated 08.10.2015)
(DoPT letter No. 36011/1/2012-Estt (SCT) dated 14.3.2016)
(DoPT letter No. 41034/4/2020-Estt (Res.I) dated 19.3.2021)
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5. Verification of caste status is necessary at every important upturn of employee's career

A candidate who entered into service as a Scheduled Caste/ Scheduled Tribe candidate may discontinue to be so if the caste/community to which he belongs is de-scheduled subsequently. A Scheduled Caste candidate also loses his status of Scheduled Caste if he embraces a religion other than Hinduism, Sikhism or Buddhism. Though such officers who lose the status of SC or ST after entering into service are required to inform the Government about it, many of them do not do so. In the absence of necessary vigil, there are possibilities of non-SC/ST candidates getting benefit of reservation and various concessions in the matter of promotion. Therefore, verification of caste status at every important upturn of employee's career is necessary so that the benefit of reservation and other schemes of concessions, etc. meant for SCs/STs go only to the rightful claimants and not those who become disentitled to **them.** With a view to facilitating such verification, the caste/community to which the SC/ST person belongs, his place of residence and the name of the State should be pasted on the top of the Service Book, personal file and other relevant documents relating to the employee. Further, caste/community status and creamy layer status of OBC candidates should be verified at the time of initial appointment as well.

> (DoPT O.M. No.36033/16/80-Estt.(SCT) dated 27.2.1981) (DoPT OM No. 36011/3/2005-Estt (Res) dated 9.9.2005) (DoPT letter No. 41034/4/2020-Estt (Res-I) dated 19.3.2021)

6. Termination/dismissal/removal of candidates who have secured appointment on the basis of false caste certificate

Wherever it is found that a Government servant, who was not qualified or eligible in terms of the recruitment rules etc., for initial recruitment in service or had furnished false information or produced a false certificate in order to secure appointment, he should not be retained in service. If, he is probationer or a temporary Government servant, he should be discharged or his services should be terminated. If he has become a permanent Government servant, an inquiry as prescribed in Rule 14 of CCS(CCA) Rules, 1965 may be held and if the charges are proved, the Government servant should be removed or dismissed from service. In no circumstances should any other penalty be imposed.

The cases other than those protected by the specific order of the Apex Court should be dealt with in accordance with the instructions contained above. However, it has been observed that disciplinary proceedings in the cases involving appointments on the basis of false/fake caste certificates take

considerable time and the persons who have secured employment on the basis of false caste certificates enjoy the benefits of Government service whereas such Government servants should be removed/ dismissed from the service at the earliest. Hence, disciplinary enquiries involving the matter of securing jobs on the basis of false/fake certificates should be completed in a time bound manner and unscrupulous persons who have got appointment on the basis of fake/ false caste certificates should not be retained in service and should be dismissed/ removed thenceforth.

[DoPT OM No. 36011/1/2012-Estt (Res) dated 10.1.2013]

G. PROVISIONS FOR SAFEGUARING THE INTERESTS OF SCs/STs/OBCs

1. Liaison Officer

In each Ministry/Department the Deputy Secretary in charge of administration or any other officer at least of the rank of Deputy Secretary shall act as a Liaison Officer in respect of matters relating to the representation of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Persons with Disabilities in all establishments and services under the administrative control of the Ministry/Department. A separate Liaison Officer should be appointed for Other Backward Classes.

It is the duty of the Liaison Officer to ensure due compliance by the subordinate appointing authorities of the orders and instructions pertaining to the reservation of vacancies in favour of SCs/STs/PwDs/OBCs and other benefits admissible to them. The Liaison Officer is required to conduct annual inspection of the reservation registers/roster registers maintained in the Ministry/Department/ Offices under the control of the Ministry/ Department with a view to ensuring proper implementation of the reservation orders. Cases of negligence or lapse in the matter of following the reservation and other orders relating to the SCs/STs/PwDs/OBCs, coming to the light through the inspections carried out by the Liaison Officer, is required to be reported/ submitted by him to the Secretary/Additional Secretary to the Government of India in the respective Ministry/ Department or to the Head of the Department in respect of offices under the Heads of Department, as the case may be. The concerned Secretary/Additional Secretary/Head of the Department is required to pass necessary orders on such reports to ensure strict compliance of the reservation orders by the appointing authority concerned. These instructions also provide that each Ministry/Department is required to set up a Special Reservation Cell within the Ministry/Department under the direct control of the Liaison Officer to assist the Liaison Officer in discharging of his duties effectively. Public Sector Undertakings, Autonomous Bodies, Institutions etc. under the Central Government are required to appoint Liaison Officer in the same manner as existing in the Ministries/Departments.

(No.43011/153/2010-Estt.(Res.) dated 04/01/2013)

2. Representation of SC, ST, OBC, Minorities and the Women on Selection Board/Committees

Wherever a Selection Committee/Board exists or has to be constituted for making recruitment to 10 or more vacancies in any level of posts or services, it shall be mandatory to have one Member belonging to SC/ST, one Member belonging to OBC category and one Member belonging to Minority Community in such Committees/Boards. Further, one of the members of the Selection Committee/Board, whether from the general category or from the minority community or from the SC/ST/OBC community should be a lady failing which a lady member should be co-opted on the Committee/Board. It may also be ensured that where the number of vacancies against which selection is to be made is less than ten, no effort should be spared in finding the SC/ST, OBC officer and the Minority Committee Officer and a lady officer, for inclusion in such Committees/Boards.

(OM No.42011/2/2014-Estt.(Res.) dated 13.2.2014)

H. OTHER PROVISIONS

1. Arrangements for Training

The following steps should be taken for training of Group A Officers belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes:

- i. More intensive training should be arranged for directly recruited Group A officers belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes by the Heads of the Training Institutions, wherever necessary, along with other officers. [DoPT's OM No.1/9/69-Estt. (SCT) dated 15.11.1971].
- In drawing up such training programmes, adequate margin should be ii. provided to take in, as many Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe officers as are sponsored by the Ministries. It would be useful to earmark 25 per cent of the seats for officers of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, wherever possible. In case this becomes difficult in any particular programme, then such officers could be covered in the next course or a special programme may be arranged for them. It would also be useful if officers of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes were included in the various training programmes abroad. It would enable them to broaden their outlook and also build up specialized knowledge. It is also likely to boost up the morale of the officers of these communities. [DP&AR's OM No.1/1/73-Estt.(Res.) dated 10.12.73 DP&AR's No.36022/13/76-Estt.(SCT) dated 14.9.1976 and DP&AR's **OM** No.36013/18/77-Est.(SCT) dated 4.9.78].
- Superiors of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Officers should be asked to take special care regarding on the job training of these officers, identify areas where special training is considered necessary and take appropriate steps for such training in consultation with the Training Division of the Department of Personnel & Training. [M/o Home Affairs OM No.27/2/70-Estt.(SCT) dated 21.4.70].
- iv. Cases of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Officers should be considered sympathetically and they should be given preference while nominating officers for training or deputing them for attending

seminars/conferences, symposia etc. While nominating officers for training programmes run by the various Departments and Training Institution or for training programmes abroad or for training, seminars and conferences, it should be indicated as to which of the officers nominated belong to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, so that their cases may be duly considered by the appropriate authorities at the time of selection. [DP&AR's OM No. 1/1/73-Estt (SCT) dated 10.12.1973 and DP&AR's OM No.16/4/74-Estt.(SCT) dated 18.4.1974].

2. Selection of Persons for Posting Abroad

While it will not be possible to provide for any specific norm of relaxation in favour of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe employees in the matter of posting in foreign countries, when a Ministry/Department etc. makes selection of persons for posting in its units etc. located in a foreign country, it should see that eligible employees belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes are also considered along with others for such posting.

(DP&AR's OM No. 16/32/74-Estt (SCT) dated 3.4.1976)

3. Forwarding of Application for Employment

Application for employment elsewhere of temporary or permanent Central Government servants belonging to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes should be readily forwarded except in very rare cases where there may be compelling grounds of public interest for withholding such applications. Cases where applications of employees belonging to Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes /Other Backward Classes could not be forwarded due to compelling grounds of public interest, should be reported within a month to the officer nominated as Liaison Officer in the administrative Ministry/ Department or in offices under the Head of Department.

[$\underline{\text{M/o Home Affairs' OM No.1/6/64-SCT(I) dated 19.3.1964}}$ and $\underline{\text{DoPT's OM}}$ No.27/4(iv)/70-Estt.(SCT) dated 2.9.70].

4. Prevention of Discrimination

It has been pointed out on many occasions that the Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Officers, after appointment, are subjected to harassment and discrimination on grounds of their social origin. It has been pointed out that SC/ST officers are some times transferred to far-off places and also placed at insignificant positions. It has also been stated that these officers are not accepted at their places of postings by the concerned superior officers in some cases. In this connection, it is emphasized that Government servants should desist from any act of discrimination against members of SC/ST communities on grounds of their social origin. Senior officers, including the Liaison Officers of the Ministry/Department, should keep a close watch to ensure that such incidents do not occur at all. However, if any such incident comes to the notice of the authorities, action should be taken against the erring officials promptly.

[OM No.36026/3/85-Estt.(SCT) dated 24th June, 1985].

5. Provisions in Recruitment Rules/Regulations For Examination

The recruitment rules in respect of all services/posts within the purview of the reservation orders should contain a separate rule on the following lines:-

"Savings: Nothing in these rules shall affect reservations, relaxation of agelimit and other concessions required to be provided for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Other Backward Classes, Persons with Disabilities and other special categories of persons in accordance with the orders issued by the Central Government from time to time in this regard."

DoPT's OM No. 8/12/71-Estt. (SCT) dated 21st September, 1971].

6. Clarifications about SC/ST/OBC Status

As per the Government of India Allocation of Business Rules, Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment is the nodal Ministry for the overall policy, planning and coordination of programmes relating to SCs, OBCs, EWS etc. and Ministry of Tribal Affairs is the nodal Ministry for policy matters related to STs. The (Scheduled Amendment in Constitution Castes) inclusion/exclusion of a caste and amendment of Central list of OBCs for inclusion/exclusion of a community pertains to Ministry of Social Justice. The Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) Order' for inclusion/exclusion of a tribe pertains to Ministry of Tribal Affairs. Further, the subject matter relating to 'Creamy Layer in OBC pertains to Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment. DoPT issues instructions related to reservation in posts and services under the Central Government based on the policy decision taken by the above concerned nodal Ministries.

Cases in which a doubt arises whether a person belongs to a Scheduled Caste or Other Backward Class or whether a caste or community is a Scheduled Caste or included in Other Backward Classes may be referred to the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi. If such a doubt arises about Scheduled Tribe status of a person or community, reference may be made to the Ministry of Tribal Affairs, Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi.

However, a set of points which should be taken into account by the certificate issuing authorities are given below. [M/o Home Affairs' Circular letter No. 35/1/72-RU(SCTV) dated 2.5.75]

(a) General (Applicable to all cases):

Where a person claims to belong to a Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribe or a Backward community by birth, it should be verified:

- (i) That the person and his parents actually belong to the community claimed;
- (ii) That this community is included in the Presidential Orders specifying the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes or included in the Central list of OBCs notified by the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Government of India in relation to the concerned State;

- (iii) That the person belongs to that State and to the area within that State in respect of which the community has been scheduled/notified.
- (vi) If the person claims to be a Scheduled Caste, he should profess either the Hindu or the Sikh or the Budhist religion.

(b) Cases of Migration

- (i) Where a person migrates from the portion of the state in respect of which his community is scheduled/notified to another part of the same State in respect of which his community is not scheduled/notified, he will continue to be deemed to be a member of the Scheduled Caste or the Scheduled Tribe or the Other Backward Class, as the case may be in relation to that State:
- (ii) Where a person migrates from one state to another, he can claim to belong to a Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe or Other Backward Class only in relation to the State to which he originally belonged and not in respect of the State in which he has migrated.
- Further, when a person belonging to OBC migrates from one State to (iii) another for the purpose of employment, education, etc. the prescribed authority of a State/U.T. Administration may issue the OBC Certificate to a person who has migrated from another State on the production of a genuine certificate issued to his father by the prescribed authority of the State of his father's origin except where the prescribed authority feels that a detailed enquiry is necessary through the State of origin before the issue of the Certificate. The Certificate will be issued irrespective of whether the OBC candidate in question is included in the list of OBC pertaining to the State/U.T. to which the person has migrated. The facility does not alter the OBC status of the person in relation to the one or the other State/U.T. The OBC person on migration from the State/U.T. of his origin to another State/U.T. where his caste is not in the OBC list is entitled to the concessions/benefits admissible to the OBCs from the State of his origin and Union Government but not from the State where he has migrated. The competent authorities are required to issue the OBC Certificate after satisfying themselves of the correctness of the Certificate.

(c) Claims through Marriage

No person who was not a member of Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe or Other Backward Class by birth will be deemed to be a member of Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe or Other Backward Class merely because he or she had married a person belonging to a Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe or Other Backward Class. On the other hand a person who is a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe or an OBC would continue to be a member of that Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribe or OBC, as the case may be, even after his or her marriage with a person who does not belong to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe or an Other Backward Class.

(d) Cases of Conversion and Reconversion

(i) Where a Scheduled Caste person gets converted to a religion other than Hinduism or Sikhism or Buddhism and then reconverts himself back to Hinduism or Sikhism or Buddhism, he will be deemed to have

- reverted to his original Scheduled Caste, if he is accepted by the members of that particular caste as one among them.
- (ii) In the case of a descendant of a Scheduled Caste convert, the mere fact of conversion to Hinduism or Sikhism or Buddhism will not be sufficient to entitle him to be regarded as a member of the Scheduled Caste to which his forefathers belonged. It will have to be established that such a convert has been accepted by the members of the caste claimed as one among themselves and has thus become a member of that caste.

(e) <u>Cases of Adoption</u>

Great care has to be exercised in dealing with cases where a person claims to be a member of Scheduled Caste or Other Backward Class on the ground that he has been adopted by a Scheduled Caste/OBC person. The validity of the adoption has to be clearly established before any caste certificate can be given. It is for the party to prove his claim by cogent and reliable evidence:

- (i) The requirements of valid adoption are given in sections 6 to 11 of the Hindu Adoption Maintenance Act, 1956. The actual giving and taking of the child in adoption is a mandatory requirement and thereafter the adopted child is deemed to be the child of his or her adoptive father or mother for all purposes and the child severs all ties with the family of his or her birth. Ordinarily, no child who has attained the age of 15 years or who is married can be given in adoption unless there is a custom or usage applicable to the parties.
- (ii) In deciding whether an adoption is valid, the certificate issuing authority should satisfy himself that all the requirements of law have been complied with. He should also take into account the behaviour of the child after adoption whether he physically lives with and is supported by his adoptive parents and receives no financial help from his original parents. In case these conditions are not satisfied, the certificate should be refused.
- Where the case relates to an adoption of a married person or of a (iii) person of the age of 15 years and above, the certificate shall be required to be given by the District Magistrate who shall after making due enquiries as to the validity of the adoption as to whether such adoption is permitted by a custom or usage applicable to the parties, make an endorsement to that effect on the certificate. Such custom or usage should have been continuously and uniformly observed for a long time and obtained the force of law among the Hindus of that particular area, or that community, group of family provided that the custom or usage is certain and not unreasonable or opposed to public policy and in the case of custom or usage in respect of a particular family that the custom or usage has not been discontinued. In addition, it should be verified that all other conditions for a valid adoption, including the physical transfer of the adopted person to the family of the adoptive parents and that he has severed all ties with the original parents are fulfilled.

(M/o Home Affairs' Circular letter No. 35/1/72-RU(SCTV) dated 2.5.75) (Ministry of Welfare's letter No.12011/11/94-BCC(C), dated 8.4.1994)

2. PROVISIONS RELATING TO ECONOMICALLY WEAKER SECTIONS (EWS)

A. GENERAL GUIDELINES

The following instructions are issued in consultation 'with' Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment and Department of Legal Affairs regarding reservation for EWSs not covered under the reservation scheme for SCs/STs/OBCs in respect of direct recruitment in civil posts and services in' the Government of India.

2. QUANTUM OF RESERVATION

The persons belonging to EWSs who, are not covered under the scheme of reservation for SCs, STs and OBCs shall get 10% reservation in direct recruitment in civil posts and services in the Government of India.

3. EXEMPTION FROM RESERVATION

- 3.1 "Scientific and Technical" posts which satisfy all the following conditions can be exempted from the purview of the reservation orders by the Ministries/Departments:
 - (i) The posts should be in grades above the lowest grade in Group A of the service concerned.
 - (ii) They should be classified as "scientific or technical" in terms of Cabinet Secretariat [OM No. 85/11/CF-61(1) dated 28.12.1961], according to which scientific and technical posts for which qualifications in the natural sciences or exact sciences or applied sciences or in technology are prescribed and, the incumbents of which have to use that knowledge in the discharge of their duties.
 - (iii) The posts should be 'for conducting research' or 'for organizing, guiding and directing research'.
- 3.2 Orders of the Minister concerned should be obtained before exempting anyposts satisfying the above condition from the purview of the scheme of reservation.

4. CRITERIA OF INCOME & ASSETS:

4.1 Persons who are not covered under the scheme of reservation for SCs, STs and OBCs and whose family has gross annual income below Rs 8.00 lakh (Rupees eight lakh only) are to be identified as EWSs for benefit of reservation. Income shall also include income from all sources i.e. salary, agriculture, business, profession, etc. for the financial year prior to the year of application.

Also persons whose family owns or possesses any of the following assets shall be excluded from being identified as EWS, irrespective of the family income:-

- i. 5 acres of agricultural land and above;
- ii. Residential at of 1000 sq ft. and above;
- iii. Residential plot of 100 sq. yards and above in notified municipalities;
- iv. Residential, plot of 200 sq. yards and above in areas other thanthe notified municipalities.
- 4.2. The property held by a "Family" in different locations or different places/cities would be clubbed while applying the land. or property holding test to determine EWS status.
- 4.3 The term "Family" for this purpose willinclude the person who seeks benefit of reservation, his/her parents and siblings below the age of 18 years as also his/her spouse and children below the age of 18 years.

5. <u>INCOME AND ASSET CERTIFICATE ISSUING AUTHORITY AND VERIFICATION OF CERTIFICATE:</u>

- 5.1 The benefit of reservation under EWS can be availed upon production of an Income and Asset Certificate issued by a Competent Authority. The Income and Asset Certificate issued 'by any one of the following authorities in the prescribed format as given in Annexure-I shall only be accepted as proof of candidate's claim as 'belonging to EWS: -
 - (i) District Magistrate/Additional District Magistrate/ Collector/ Deputy Commissioner/Additional' Deputy Commissioner/ 1st Class Stipendary Magistrate/ Sub-Divisional Magistrate/ Taluka Magistrate/ Executive Magistrate/ Extra Assistant Commissioner
 - (ii) Chief Presidency Magistrate/Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate/ Presidency Magistrate
 - (iii) Revenue Officer not below the rank of Tehsildar and
 - (iv) Sub-Divisional Officer or the area where the candidate and/or his family normally resides.
- 5.2 The Officer who issues the certificate would do the same after carefully verifying all relevant documents following due process as prescribed by the respective State/UT.
- 5.3 The crucial date for submitting income and asset certificate by the candidate may be treated as the closing date for receipt of application for the post, except in cases where crucial date is fixed otherwise.
- 5.4 The appointing authorities should, in the offer of appointment to the candidates claiming to be belonging to EWS, include the following clause:
 "The appointment is provisional and is subject to the Income and asset certificate being verified through the proper channels and if the verification reveals that the claim to belong to EWS is fake/false the services will be terminated forthwith without assigning any further reasons and without prejudice to such further action as may be taken under the provisions of the Indian Penal Code for production of fake/false certificate." The appointing authority should verify the veracity of the Income and asset certificate submitted by the candidate through the certificate issuing authority
- 5.5 Instructions referred to above should be strictly followed so that it may

not be possible for an unscrupulous person to secure employment on the basis of a false claim and if any person gets an appointment on the basis of such false claim, her/his services shall be terminated invoking the conditions contained in the offer of appointment

6. EFFECTING RESERVATION - MAINTENANCE OF ROSTERS:

- 6.1 Department of Personnel and Training had circulated <u>Office Memorandum No.36012/2/96-Estt(Res) dated July 2, 1997</u> regarding implementation of post based reservation roster. The general principles for making and operating postbased reservation roster would be as per the principles laid down in the said Office Memorandum.
- 6.2 Every Government establishment shall now recast group-wise post-based reservation roster register for direct recruitment in accordance with format given in Annexure II, III, IV and V, as the case may be, for effecting 10% reservation for EWSs interpolating them with the SCs, STs and OBCs. While fixing roster point, if the EWS roster point coincides with the roster points of SCs/STs/OBCs the next available UR roster point has been allotted to the EWSs and also the principle of "squeezing" has been kept in view. While drawing up the rosters, the cadre controlling authorities may similarly "squeeze" the last points of the roster so as to meet prescribed 10% reservation.
- 6.3 Where in any recruitment year any vacancy earmarked for EWS cannot be filled up due to non availability of a suitable candidate belonging to EWS, such vacancies for that particular recruitment year shall not be carried forward to the next recruitment year as backlog.
- 6.4 Persons belonging to EWS selected against the quota for persons with benchmark disabilities/ex-servicemen shall be placed against the roster points earmarked for EWS.

7. ADJUSTMENT AGAINST UNRESERVED VACANCIES:

A person belonging to EWS cannot be denied the right to compete for appointment against an unreserved vacancy. Persons belonging to EWS who are selected on the basis of merit and not on account of reservation are not to be counted towards the quota meant for reservation.

8. <u>FORTNIGHTLY/ANNUAL REPORTS REGARDING REPRESENTATION</u> <u>OF EWS:</u>

The Ministries/Departments shall send single consolidated fortnightly report including their attached/subordinate offices beginning from 15.2.2019 as per format at Annexure-VL

From 01.01.2020, the Ministries/Departments shall upload data on representation of EWSs in respect of posts/services under the Central Government on the URL i.e. www.rrcps.nic.inas on 1st January of every year. All Ministries/Departments have already been provided respective user code and password with guidelines for operating the URL.

9. <u>MAINTENANCE OF REGISTER OF COMPLAINTS BY THE</u> GOVERNMENT ESTABLISHMENT:

- 9.1 Every Government establishment shall appoint a senior officer of the Department as the Grievance Redressal Officer.
- 9.2 Any person aggrieved with any matter relating to discrimination in employment against any EWS may file a complaint with the Grievance Redressal Officer of the respective Government establishment. The name, designation and contact details of the Grievance Redressal Officer may be displayed prominently on the website and in the office of the concerned establishment.

10. LIAISON OFFICER:

Ministries/Departments/Attached and Subordinate Offices shall appoint Liaison Officer to monitor the implementation of reservation for EWSs.

11. The above scheme of reservation will be effective in respect of all direct recruitment vacancies to be notified on or after 01.02.2019.

OM No. 36039/1/2019-Estt (Res), dated 31.1.2019.

INCOME & ASSEST CERTIFICATE TO BE PRODUCED BY ECONOMICALLY WEAKER SECTIONS

| SECT | TIONS | | ****************** | | |
|-------------|--|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Certifi | icate No | | | Date: | |
| | V | ALID FOR THE YEA | AR | | |
| | This is to certify that S | Shri/Smt./Kumari permanent residen | t of | sc | n/daughter/wife of , Village/Street |
| | Post Office Pin Code | Di | istrict_ photograph | in the Sta is attested b | ate/Union Territory elow belongs to |
| akh (| omically Weaker Sections, (Rupees Eight Lakh only) ess any of the following asse 5 acres of agricultural land Residential flat of 1000 sq. Residential plot of 100 sq. Residential plot of 200 sq. | for the financial years***; d and above; ft. and above; yards and above in | ar notified munic | His/her family | does not own or |
| 2. recog | Shri/Smt./Kumari nized as a Scheduled Caste | e, Scheduled Tribe a | _ belongs to nd Other Back | the(kward Classes (| caste which is nct Central List) |
| 300 | | 22 | | with seal of Officence | |
| ttest | nt Passport size led photograph of oplicant | 72 39 | y =0 | | |
| | | 8.6 | | | 18t |
| | | | | | |

"Note1: Income covered all sources i.e. salary, agriculture, business, profession, etc.

"Note 2:The term "Family" for this purpose include the person, who seeks benefit of reservation, his/her parents and siblings below the age of 18 years as also his/her spouse and children below the age of 18 years

***Note 3: The property held by a "Family" in different locations or different places/cities have been clubbed while applying the land or property holding lest to determine EWS status.

FOR DIRECT RECRUITMENT

Model Roster of Reservation with reference to posts for Direct recruitment on All India Basis by Open Competition

| Sl. No. | | Share of E | Intitlement | | Category for which the posts |
|---------|---------|------------|-------------|----------|---------------------------------|
| of Post | SC @15% | ST @7.5% | OBC @27% | EWS @10% | should be earmarked |
| 1 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.27 | 0.10 | UR |
| 2 | 0.30 | 0.15 | 0.54 | 0.20 | UR |
| 3 | 0.45 | 0.23 | 0.81 | 0.30 | UR |
| 4 | 0.60 | 0.30 | 1.08 | 0.40 | OBC-1 |
| 5 | 0.75 | 0.38 | 1.35 | 0.50 | UR |
| 6 | 0.90 | 0.45 | 1.62 | 0.60 | UR |
| 7 | 1.05 | 0.53 | 1.89 | 0.70 | SC-1 |
| 8 | 1.20 | 0.60 | 2.16 | 0.80 | OBC-2 |
| 9 | 1.35 | 0.68 | 2.43 | 0.90 | UR |
| 10 | 1.50 | 0.75 | 2.70 | 1,00 | EWS-1 |
| 11 | 1.65 | 0.83 | 2.97 | 1.10 | UR · |
| 12 | 1.80 | 0.90 | 3.24 | 1.20 | ÓBC-3 |
| 13 | 1.95 | 0.98 | 3.51 | 1.30 | UR |
| 14 | 2.10 | 1.05 | 3.78 | 1.40 | ST-1 |
| 15 | 2.25 | 1.13 | 4.05 | 1.50 | SC-2 |
| 16 | 2.40 | 1.20 | 4.32 | 1.60 | OBC-4 |
| 17 | 2.55 | 1.28 | 4.59 | 1.70 | UR |
| 18 | 2.70 | 1.35 | 4.86 | 1.80 | UR |
| 19 | 2.85 | 1.43 | 5.13 | 1.90 | OBC-5 |
| 20 | 3.00 | 1.50 | 5.40 | 2.00 | SC-3 |
| 21 | 3.15 | 1.58 | - 5.67 | 2.10 | EWS-2 |
| 22 | 3.30 | 1.65 | .5.94 | 2.20 | UR |
| 23 | 3.45 | 1.73 | 6.21 | 2.30 | OBC-6 |
| 24 | 3.60 | 1.80 | 6.48 | 2.40 | UR |
| 25 | 3.75 | 1.88 | 6.75 | 2.50 | UR |
| 26 | 3.90 | 1.95 | 7.02 | 2.60 | OBC-7 |
| 27 | 4.05 | 2.03 | 7.29 | 2.70 | SC-4 |
| 28 | 4.20 | 2.10 | 7.56 | 2.80 | ST-2 |
| 29 | 4.35 | 2.18 | | | UR |
| 30 | 4.50 | 2.25 | 8.10 | 3.00 | OBC-8 |
| 31 | 4.65 | 2.33 | 8.37 | 3.10 | EWS-3 |
| 32 | 4.80 | 2.40 | 8.64 | 3.20 | UR |
| 33 | 4.95 | 2.48 | 8.91 | 3.30 | UR |
| 34 | 5.10 | 2.55 | 9.18 | 3.40 | OBC-9 |

| 35 | 5.25 | 2.63 | 9.45 | The second second second | SC-5 |
|----------|--------------------------|------|-------|--------------------------|--|
| 36 | 5.40 | 2.70 | 9.72 | 3.60 | UR |
| 37 | 5.55 | 2.78 | 9.99 | 3.70 | UR |
| 38 | 5.70 | 2.85 | 10.26 | 3.80 | OBC-10 |
| 39 | 5.85 | 2.93 | 10.53 | 3.90 | UR |
| 40 | 6.00 | 3.00 | 10.80 | 4.00 | ST-3 |
| 41 | 6.15 | 3.08 | 11.07 | 4.10 | SC-6 |
| 42 | 6.30 | 3.15 | 11.34 | 4.20 | OBC-11 |
| 43 | 6.45 | 3.23 | 11.61 | 4.30 | EWS-4 |
| 44 | 6.60 | 3.30 | 11.88 | 4.40 | UR |
| 45 | 6.75 | 3.38 | 12.15 | 4.50 | OBC-12 |
| 46 | 6.90 | 3.45 | 12.42 | 4.60 | UR |
| 47 | 7.05 | 3.53 | 12.69 | 4.70 | SC-7 |
| 48 | 7.20 | 3.60 | 12.96 | 4.80 | UR |
| 49 | 7.35 | 3.68 | 13.23 | 4.90 | OBC-13 |
| 50 | 7.50 | 3.75 | 13.50 | 5.00 | EWS-5 |
| 51 | 7.65 | 3.83 | 13.77 | 5.10 | UR |
| 52 | 7.80 | 3.90 | 14.04 | 5.20 | OBC-14 |
| | 7.95 | 3.98 | 14.31 | 5.30 | UR |
| 53 | 8.10 | 4.05 | 14.58 | 5.40 | SC-8 |
| 54 | 8.25 | 4.13 | 14.85 | 5.50 | ST-4 |
| | 8.40 | 4.20 | 15.12 | 5.60 | OBC-15 |
| 56 | 8.55 | 4.28 | 15.39 | 5.70 | UR |
| 57 | 8.70 | 4.35 | 15.66 | 5.80 | UR |
| 58 | 8.85 | 4.43 | 15.93 | 5.90 | UR |
| 59 | 9.00 | 4.50 | 16.20 | 6.00 | OBC-16 |
| 60 | 9.15 | 4.58 | 16.47 | 6.10 | SC-9 |
| 61 | 9.30 | 4.65 | 16.74 | 6.20 | EWS-6 |
| 62 | 9.45 | 4.73 | 17.01 | 6.30 | OBC-17 |
| 63 | 9.60 | 4.80 | 17.28 | 6.40 | UR |
| 64 | 9.75 | 4.88 | 17.55 | 6.50 | UR |
| 65 66 | 9.70 | 4.95 | 17.82 | 6.60 | |
| 67 | 10.05 | 5.03 | 18.09 | 6.70 | OBC-18 |
| | 10.20 | 5.10 | 18.36 | 6.80 | SC-10 |
| 68 | 10.25 | 5.18 | 18.63 | 6.90 | |
| 69 | 10.50 | 5.25 | 18.90 | 7.00 | THE RESERVE TO THE PARTY OF THE |
| 70 | 10.65 | 5.33 | 19.17 | 7.10 | The second secon |
| 71 | The second second second | 5.40 | 19.44 | 7.20 | |
| 72 | 10.80 | 5.48 | 19.71 | 7.30 | - |
| 73 | 10.95 | 5.55 | 19.98 | 7.40 | |
| 74 | 11.10 | 5.63 | 20.25 | 7.50 | The state of the s |
| 75 | 11.25 | 5.70 | 20.52 | 7.60 | The second secon |
| 76 | 11.40 | 5.78 | 20.79 | 7.70 | Table 1 |
| 77 78 | 11.55 | 5.85 | 21.06 | 7.8 | |

4 4 5

| 79 | 11.85 | 5.93 | 21.33 | 7.90 | UR |
|-----|-------|------|-------|-------|----------|
| 80 | 12.00 | 6.00 | 21.60 | | ST-6 |
| 81 | 12.15 | 6.08 | 21.87 | 8.10 | SC-12 |
| 82 | 12.30 | 6.15 | 22.14 | 8.20 | OBC-22 |
| 83 | 12.45 | 6.23 | 22,41 | 8,30 | EWS-8 |
| 84 | 12.60 | 6.30 | 22.68 | 8.40 | UR |
| 85 | 12.75 | 6.38 | 22.95 | 8.50 | UR |
| 86 | 12.90 | 6.45 | 23.22 | 8.60 | OBC-23 |
| 87 | 13.05 | 6.53 | 23.49 | 8.70 | SC-13 |
| 88 | 13.20 | 6.60 | 23.76 | 8.80 | UR |
| 89 | 13.35 | 6.68 | 24.03 | 8.90 | OBC-24 |
| 90 | 13.50 | 6.75 | 24.30 | 9.00 | EWS-9 |
| 91 | 13.65 | 6.83 | 24.57 | 9.10 | UR |
| 92 | 13.80 | 6.90 | 24.84 | 9.20 | UR |
| 93 | 13.95 | 6.98 | 25.11 | 9.30 | OBC-25 |
| 94 | 14.10 | 7.05 | 25.38 | 9,40 | SC-14 |
| 95 | 14.25 | 7.13 | 25.65 | 9.50 | ST-7 |
| 96 | 14.40 | 7.20 | 25.92 | 9.60 | UR |
| 97 | 14.55 | 7.28 | 26.19 | 9.70 | OBC-26 |
| 98 | 14.70 | 7.35 | 26.46 | 9.80 | EWS-10** |
| 99 | 14.85 | 7.43 | 26.73 | 9.90 | SC-15* |
| 100 | 15.00 | 7.50 | 27.00 | 10.00 | OBC-27* |
| 101 | 15.15 | 7.58 | 27.27 | 10.10 | UR |
| 102 | 15.30 | 7.65 | 27.54 | 10.20 | UR |
| 103 | 15.45 | 7.73 | 27.81 | 10.30 | UR |
| 104 | 15.60 | 7.80 | 28.08 | 10.40 | OBC-28 |
| 105 | 15.75 | 7.88 | 28.35 | 10.50 | UR |
| 106 | 15.90 | 7.95 | 28.62 | 10.60 | UR |
| 107 | 16.05 | 8.03 | 28.89 | 10.70 | SC-16 |
| 108 | 16.20 | 8.10 | 29.16 | 10.80 | ST-8 |
| 109 | 16.35 | 8.18 | 29.43 | 10.90 | OBC-29 |
| 110 | 16.50 | 8.25 | 29.70 | 11.00 | EWS-11 |
| 111 | 16.65 | 8,33 | 29.97 | 11.10 | UR |
| 112 | 16.80 | 8.40 | 30.24 | 11.20 | OBC-30 |
| 113 | 16.95 | 8.48 | 30.51 | 11.30 | UR |
| 114 | 17.10 | 8.55 | 30.78 | 11.40 | SC-17 |
| 115 | 17.25 | 8.63 | 31.05 | 11.50 | |
| 116 | 17.40 | 8.70 | 31.32 | 11.60 | - |
| 117 | 17.55 | 8.78 | 31.59 | 11.70 | UR |
| 118 | 17.70 | 8.85 | 31.86 | 11.80 | |
| 119 | 17.85 | 8.93 | 32.13 | 11.90 | OBC-32 |
| 120 | 18.00 | 9.00 | 32.40 | 12.00 | ST-9 |
| 121 | 18.15 | 9.08 | 32.67 | 12.10 | - |
| 122 | 18.30 | 9.15 | 32.94 | 12.20 | EWS-12 |

| 123 | 18.45 | 9.23 | 33.21 | 12.30 | OBC-33 |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| 124 | 18.60 | 9.30 | 33.48 | 12.40 | UR |
| 125 | 18.75 | 9.38 | 33.75 | 12.50 | UR |
| 126 | 18.90 | 9.45 | 34.02 | 12.60 | OBC-34 |
| 127 | 19.05 | 9.53 | 34.29 | 12.70 | SC-19 |
| 128 | 19.20 | 9.60 | 34.56 | 12.80 | UR |
| 129 | 19.35 | 9.68 | 34.83 | 12.90 | UR |
| 130 | 19.50 | 9.75 | 35.10 | 13.00 | OBC-35 |
| 131 | 19.65 | 9.83 | 35.37 | 13.10 | EWS-13 |
| 132 | 19.80 | 9.90 | 35.64 | 13.20 | UR |
| 133 | 19.95 | 9.98 | 35.91 | 13.30 | UR |
| 134 | 20.10 | 10.05 | 36.18 | 13.40 | OBC-36 |
| 135 | 20.25 | 10.13 | 36.45 | 13.50 | SC-20 |
| 136 | 20.40 | 10.20 | 36.72 | 13.60 | ST-10 |
| 137 | 20.55 | 10.28 | 36.99 | 13.70 | UR |
| 138 | 20.70 | 10.35 | 37.26 | 13.80 | OBC-37 |
| 139 | 20.85 | 10.43 | 37.53 | 13.90 | UR |
| 140 | 21.00 | 10.50 | 37.80 | 14.00 | SC21 |
| 141 | 21.15 | 10.58 | 38.07 | 14.10 | OBC-38 |
| 142 | 21.30 | 10.65 | 38.34 | 14.20 | EWS-14 |
| 143 | 21.45 | 10.73 | 38.61 | 14.30 | UR |
| 144 | 21.60 | 10.80 | 38.88 | 14.40 | UR |
| 145 | 21.75 | 10.88 | 39.15 | 14.50 | OBC-39 |
| 146 | 21.90 | 10.95 | 39.42 | 14.60 | UR |
| 147 | 22.05 | 11.03 | 39.69 | 14.70 | SC-22 |
| 148 | 22.20 | 11.10 | 39.96 | 14.80 | ST-11 |
| 149 | 22.35 | 11.18 | 40.23 | 14.90 | OBC-40 |
| 150 | 22.50 | 11.25 | 40.50 | 15.00 | EWS-15 |
| 151 | 22.65 | 11.33 | 40.77 | 15.10 | UR |
| 152 | 22.80 | 11.40 | 41.04 | 15.20 | OBC-41 |
| 153 | 22.95 | 11.48 | 41.31 | 15.30 | UR |
| 154 | 23.10 | 11.55 | 41.58 | 15.40 | SC-23 |
| 155 | 23.25 | 11.63 | 41.85 | 15.50 | UR |
| 156 | 23.40 | 11.70 | 42.12 | 15.60 | OBC-42 |
| 157 | 23.55 | 11.78 | 42.39 | 15.70 | UR |
| 158 | 23.70 | 11.85 | 42.66 | 15.80 | UR |
| 159 | 23.85 | 11.93 | 42.93 | 15.90 | UR |
| 160 | 24.00 | 12.00 | 43.20 | 16.00 | ST-12 |
| 161 | 24.15 | 12.08 | 43.47 | 16.10 | OBC-43 |
| 162 | 24.30 | 12.15 | 43.74 | 16.20 | SC-24 |
| 163 | 24.45 | 12.23 | 44.01 | 16.30 | OBC-44 |
| 164 | 24.60 | 12.30 | 44.28 | 16.40 | EWS-16 |
| 165 | 24.75 | 12.38 | 44.55 | 16.50 | UR |
| 166 | 24.90 | 12.45 | 44.82 | 16.60 | UR |

| 167 | 25.05 | 12.53 | 45.09 | 16.70 | OBC-45 |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| 168 | 25.20 | 12.60 | 45.36 | 16.80 | SC-25 |
| 169 | 25.35 | 12.68 | 45.63 | 16.90 | UR |
| 170 | 25.50 | 12.75 | 45.90 | 17.00 | EWS-17 |
| 171 | 25.65 | 12.83 | 46.17 | 17.10 | OBC-46 |
| 172 | 25.80 | 12.90 | 46.44 | 17.20 | UR |
| 173 | 25.95 | 12.98 | 46.71 | 17.30 | UR |
| 174 | 26.10 | 13.05 | 46.98 | 17.40 | SC-26 |
| 175 | 26.25 | 13.13 | 47.25 | 17.50 | ST-13 |
| 176 | 26.40 | 13.20 | 47.52 | 17.60 | OBC-47 |
| 177 | 26.55 | 13.28 | 47.79 | 17.70 | UR |
| 178 | 26.70 | 13.35 | 48.06 | 17.80 | OBC-48 |
| 179 | 26.85 | 13.43 | 48.33 | 17.90 | UR |
| 180 | 27.00 | 13.50 | 48.60 | 18.00 | SC-27 |
| 181 | 27.15 | 13.58 | 48.87 | 18.10 | EWS-18 |
| 182 | 27.30 | 13.65 | 49.14 | 18.20 | OBC-49 |
| 183 | 27.45 | 13.73 | 49.41 | 18.30 | UR |
| 184 | 27.60 | 13.80 | 49.68 | 18.40 | UR |
| 185 | 27.75 | 13.88 | 49.95 | 18.50 | UR |
| 186 | 27.90 | 13.95 | 50.22 | 18.60 | OBC-50 |
| 187 | 28.05 | 14.03 | 50.49 | 18.70 | SC-28 |
| 188 | 28.20 | 14.10 | 50.76 | 18.80 | ST-14 |
| 189 | 28.35 | 14.18 | 51.03 | 18.90 | OBC-51 |
| 190 | 28.50 | 14.25 | 51.30 | 19.00 | EWS-19 |
| 191 | 28.65 | 14.33 | 51.57 | 19.10 | UR |
| 192 | 28.80 | 14.40 | 51.84 | 19.20 | UR |
| 193 | 28.95 | 14.48 | 52.11 | 19.30 | OBC-52 |
| 194 | 29.10 | 14.55 | 52.38 | 19.40 | SC-29 |
| 195 | 29.25 | 14.63 | 52.65 | 19.50 | UR |
| 196 | 29.40 | 14.70 | 52.92 | 19.60 | EWS-20* |
| 197 | 29.55 | 14.78 | 53.19 | 19.70 | OBC-53 |
| 198 | 29.70 | 14.85 | 53.46 | 19.80 | ST-15* |
| 199 | 29.85 | 14.93 | 53.73 | 19.90 | SC-30* |
| 200 | 30.00 | 15.00 | 54.00 | 20.00 | |

^{*/**} Squeezing resorted with a view to maintain the prescribed percentage of reservation

Annexure-III

FOR DIRECT RECRUITMENT ON ALL INDIA BASIS BY OPEN COMPETITION

Model Roster for cadre strength upto 13 posts

| C-4 | Initial | Replacement No. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|--|
| strength | Recrui- tment | 1st | 2nd | 3rd | 4th | 5th | 6th | 7th | 8th | 9th | 10th | 11th | 12th | 13th | |
| 1 | UR | UR | UR- | овс | UR | UR | sc | овс | UR | EWS | UR | овс | UR | ST | |
| 2 | UR | UR | овс | UR | UR | sc | овс | UR | EWS | UR | OBC | UR | ST | | |
| 3 | UR | овс | UR | UR | sc | овс | UR | EWS | UR | овс | UR | ST | | | |
| 4 | OBC | UR | UR | SC | овс | UR | EWS | UR | OBC | UR | ST | | | | |
| 5 | UR | UR | sc | OBC | UR | EWS | UR | овс | UR | ST | | | | | |
| 6 | UR | SC | овс | UR | EWS | UR | овс | UR | ST | | | | | | |
| 7 | sc | ОВС | UR | EWS | UR | OBC | UR | ST | | | | | | | |
| 8 | OBC | UR | EWS | UR | овс | UR | ST | | | | | | | | |
| . 9 | UR | EWS | UR | ОВС | UR | ST | | * | | ř. | | | | | |
| 10 | EWS | UR | OBC | UR | ST | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | UR | OBC | UR | ST | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | OBC | UR | ST | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | UR | ST | | Ų. | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note:

- For cadres of 2 to 13 posts the roster is to be read from entry 1 under column Cadre Strength till the last post and then horizontally till the last entry in the horizontal row i.e. like "L"
- 2. All the posts of a cadre are to be earmarked for the categories shown under column initial recruitment. While initial filling up will be by the earmarked category, the replacement against any of the post in the cadre shall be by rotation as shown horizontally against the last post of the cadre.

FOR DIRECT RECRUITMENT

Model Roster of Reservation with reference to posts for Direct recruitment on All India Basis Otherwise than by Open Competition

| Sl. No. of Post | | Share of E | ntitlement | | Category for which the |
|--------------------|---------------|------------|----------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| OI TOSE | SC @16.66% | ST @7.5% | OBC @25.84% | EWS @10% | posts should be earmarked |
| 1 | 0.166 | 0.075 | 0.258 | 0.100 | UR |
| 2 | 0.332 | 0.150 | 0.516 | 0.200 | UR |
| 3 | 0.498 | 0.225 | 0.774 | 0.300 | UR |
| 4 | 0.664 | 0.300 | 1.032 | 0.400 | OBC-1 |
| 5 | 0.830 | 0.375 | 1.290 | 0.500 | UR |
| 6 | 0.996 | 0.450 | 1.548 | 0.600 | UR |
| 7 | 1.162 | 0.525 | 1.806 | 0.700 | SC-1 |
| 8 | 1.328 | 0.600 | 2.064 | 0.800 | OBC-2 |
| 9 | 1.494 | 0.675 | 2.322 | 0.900 | UR |
| 10 | 1.660 | 0.750 | 2.580 | 1.000 | EWS-1 |
| 11 | 1.826 | 0.825 | 2.838 | 1.100 | UR |
| 12 | 1.992 | 0.900 | 3.096 | 1.200 | OBC-3 |
| 13 | 2.158 | 0.975 | 3.354 | 1.300 | SC-2 |
| 14 | 2.324 | 1.050 | 3.612 | 1.400 | ST-1 |
| 15 | 2.490 | 1.125 | 3.870 | 1.500 | UR |
| 16 | 2.656 | 1.200 | 4.128 | 1.600 | OBC-4 |
| 17 | 2.822 | 1.275 | 4.386 | 1.700 | UR |
| 18 | 2.988 | 1.350 | 4.644 | 1.800 | UR |
| 19 | 3.154 | 1.425 | 4.902 | 1.900 | SC-3 |
| 20 | 3.320 | 1,500 | 5.160 | 2.000 | OBC-5 |
| 21 | 3.486 | 1.575 | 5.418 | 2,100 | EWS-2 |
| 22 | 3.652 | 1.650 | 5.676 | 2.200 | UR |
| 23 | 3.818 | 1.725 | 5.934 | 2.300 | UR |
| 24 | 3.984 | 1.800 | 6.192 | 2.400 | OBC-6 |
| 25 | 4.150 | 1.875 | 6.450 | 2.500 | SC-4 |
| 26 | 4.316 | 1.950 | 6.708 | 2.600 | UR |
| 27 | 4.482 | 2.025 | 6.966 | 2.700 | ST-2 |
| 28 | 4.648 | 2.100 | 7.224 | 2.800 | OBC-7 |
| 29 | 4.814 | 2.175 | 7.482 | 2.900 | UR |
| 30 | 4.980 | 2.250 | 7.740 | 3.000 | EWS-3 |

| 31 | 5.146 | 2,325 | 7.998 | 3.100 | SC-5 |
|----|--------|-------|--------|--------|--|
| 32 | 5.312 | 2.400 | 8.256 | 3.200 | OBC-8 |
| 33 | 5.478 | 2.475 | 8.514 | 3.300 | UR |
| 34 | 5.644 | 2.550 | 8.772 | 3.400 | UR |
| 35 | 5.810 | 2.625 | 9.030 | 3.500 | OBC-9 |
| 36 | 5.976 | 2.700 | 9.288 | 3.600 | UR |
| 37 | 6.142 | 2.775 | 9.546 | 3.700 | SC-6 |
| 38 | 6.308 | 2.850 | 9.804 | 3.800 | UR |
| 39 | 6.474 | 2.925 | 10.062 | 3.900 | OBC-10 |
| 40 | 6.640 | 3.000 | 10.320 | 4.000 | ST-3 |
| 41 | 6.806 | 3.075 | 10.578 | 4.100 | EWS-4 |
| 42 | 6.972 | 3.150 | 10.836 | 4.200 | UR |
| 43 | 7.138 | 3.225 | 11.094 | 4.300 | SC-7 |
| 44 | 7.304 | 3.300 | 11,352 | 4.400 | OBC-11 |
| 45 | 7.470 | 3.375 | 11.610 | 4.500 | UR |
| 46 | 7.636 | 3.450 | 11/868 | 4.600 | UR |
| 47 | 7.802 | 3.525 | 12:126 | 4.700 | OBC-12 |
| 48 | 7.968 | 3.600 | 12.384 | 4.800 | UR |
| 49 | 8.134 | 3.675 | 12.642 | 4.900 | SC-8 |
| 50 | 8.300 | 3.750 | 12.900 | 5.000 | EWS-5 |
| 51 | 8.466 | 3.825 | 13.158 | 5.100 | OBC-13 |
| 52 | 8.632 | 3.900 | 13.416 | 5.200 | UR |
| 53 | 8.798 | 3.975 | 13.674 | 5,300 | UR |
| 54 | 8.964 | 4.050 | 13.932 | 5.400 | ST-4 |
| 55 | 9.130 | 4.125 | 14.190 | 5.500 | OBC-14 |
| 56 | 9.296 | 4.200 | 14.448 | 5.600 | SC-9 |
| 57 | 9.462 | 4.275 | 14,706 | 5.700 | UR |
| 58 | 9.628 | 4.350 | 14.964 | 5.800 | UR |
| 59 | 9.794 | 4.425 | 15.222 | 5.900 | OBC-15 |
| 60 | 9.960 | 4.500 | 15.480 | 6.000 | EWS-6 |
| 61 | 10.126 | 4.575 | 15.738 | 6.100 | SC-10 |
| 62 | 10.292 | 4.650 | 15.996 | 6.200 | UR |
| 63 | 10.458 | 4.725 | 16.254 | 6.300 | OBC-16 |
| 64 | 10.624 | 4.800 | 16.512 | -6.400 | UR |
| 65 | 10.790 | 4.875 | 16.770 | 6.500 | UR |
| 66 | 10.956 | 4.950 | 17.028 | 6.600 | OBC-17 |
| 67 | 11.122 | 5.025 | 17.286 | 6.700 | And the Control of th |
| 68 | 11.288 | 5.100 | 17.544 | 6.800 | |
| 69 | 11.454 | 5.175 | 17.802 | 6.900 | - |
| 70 | 11.620 | 5.250 | 18.060 | 7.000 | the state of the s |
| 71 | 11.786 | 5.325 | 18.318 | 7.100 | |

| 72 | 11.952 | 5.400 | 18.576 | 7.200 | UR |
|-----|--------|--|--------|--------|--------------|
| 73 | 12.118 | 5.475 | 18.834 | 7.300 | SC-12 |
| 74 | 12.284 | 5.550 | 19.092 | 7.400 | OBC-19 |
| 75 | 12.450 | 5.625 | 19.350 | 7.500 | UR |
| 76 | 12.616 | 5.700 | 19,608 | 7.600 | UR |
| 77 | 12.782 | 5.775 | 19.866 | 7.700 | UR |
| 78 | 12.948 | 5.850 | 20.124 | 7.800 | OBC-20 |
| 79 | 13.114 | 5.925 | 20.382 | 7.900 | SC-13 |
| 80 | 13.280 | 6.000 | 20.640 | 8.000 | ST-6 |
| 81 | 13.446 | 6.075 | 20.898 | 8.100 | EWS-8 |
| 82 | 13.612 | 6.150 | 21.156 | 8.200 | OBC-21 |
| 83 | 13.778 | 6.225 | 21.414 | 8.300 | UR |
| 84 | 13.944 | 6.300 | 21.672 | 8.400 | UR |
| 85 | 14.110 | 6.375 | 21.930 | 8.500 | SC-14 |
| 86 | 14.276 | 6.450 | 22.188 | 8.600 | OBC-22 |
| 87 | 14.442 | 6.525 | 22,446 | 8.700 | UR |
| 88 | 14.608 | 6.600 | 22.704 | 8.800 | UR |
| 89 | 14.774 | 6.675 | 22.962 | 8.900 | UR |
| 90 | 14.940 | 6.750 | 23.220 | 9.000 | OBC-23 |
| 91 | 15.106 | 6.825 | 23.478 | 9.100 | SC-15 |
| 92 | 15.272 | 6.900 | 23.736 | 9.200 | EWS-9 |
| 93 | 15.438 | 6.975 | 23.994 | 9.300 | UR |
| 94 | 15.604 | 7.050 | 24.252 | 9.400 | OBC-24 |
| 95 | 15.770 | 7,125 | 24.510 | 9.500 | ST-7 |
| 96 | 15.936 | 7.200 | 24.768 | 9,600 | UR |
| 97 | 16.102 | 7.275 | 25.026 | 9.700 | SC-16 |
| 98 | 16.268 | 7.350 | 25:284 | 9.800 | OBC-25 |
| 99 | 16.434 | 7.425 | 25.542 | 9.900 | UR |
| 100 | 16.600 | 7.500 | 25.800 | 10.000 | EWS-10 |
| 101 | 16.766 | 7.575 | 26.058 | 10.100 | OBC-26 |
| 102 | 16.932 | 7.650 | 26.316 | 10.200 | UR |
| 103 | 17.098 | 7.725 | 26.574 | 10.300 | - |
| | 17.264 | 7.800 | 26.832 | 10.400 | SC-17 |
| 104 | 17.430 | 7.875 | 27.090 | 10.500 | UR OBC 27 |
| 106 | 17.596 | 7.950 | 27.348 | 10.600 | OBC-27 |
| 106 | 17.762 | 8.025 | 27.606 | 10.700 | UR |
| - | | and the state of t | | | ST-8 |
| 108 | 17.928 | 8.100 | 27.864 | 10.800 | UR OBC 08 |
| 109 | 18.094 | 8.175 | 28.122 | 10.900 | OBC-28 |
| 110 | 18.260 | 8.250 | 28.380 | | SC-18 |
| 111 | 18.426 | 8.325 | 28,638 | 11.100 | EWS-11 |
| 112 | 18.592 | 8.400 | 28.896 | 11.200 | UR |
| 13 | 18.758 | 8.475 | 29.154 | 11.300 | OBC-29 |
| 114 | 18.924 | 8.550 | 29.412 | 11.400 | UR |
| 115 | 19.090 | 8.625 | 29.670 | 11.500 | SC-19 |
| 116 | 19.256 | 8.700 | 29.928 | 11.600 | EWS-12** |
| 117 | 19.422 | 8.775 | 30.186 | 11.700 | OBC-30 |
| 118 | 19.588 | 8.850 | 30.444 | 11.800 | ST-9 |
| 119 | 19.754 | 8.925 | 30.702 | 11.900 | SC20* |
| 120 | 19.920 | 9.000 | 30.960 | 12.000 | OBC-31* |

^{*/**} Squeezing resorted with a view to maintain the prescribed percentage of reservation

FOR DIRECT RECRUITMENT

Roster for Direct Recruitment otherwise than through Open Competition for cadre strength upto 13 posts

| | Initial | L. | | | | | Repla | ceme | nt No. | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|------|--------|-----|------|------|------|------|
| Cadre Strength | Recruit- ment | 1st | 2nd | 3rd | 4th | 5th | 6th | 7th | 8th | 9th | 10th | 11th | 12th | 13th |
| 1 | UR | UR | UR | ОВС | UR | UR | SC | овс | UR | EWS | UR | OBC | sc | ST |
| 2 | UR | UR | ОВС | UR | UR | sc | овс | UR | EWS | UR | овс | sc | ST | |
| 3 | UR | овс | UR | UR | sc | овс | UR | EWS | UR | OBC | SC | ST | | 20 |
| 4 | OBC | UR | UR | SC | овс | UR | EWS | UR | овс | SC | ST | | | |
| 5 | UR | UR | sc | овс | UR | EWS | UR | OBC | sc | ST | | ** | | |
| 6 | UR | sc | OBC | UR | EWS | UR | овс | sc | ST | | 50 | | | |
| 7 | SC | OBC | UR | EWS | UR | овс | SC | ST | | | | | | |
| 8 | OBC | UR | EWS | UR | овс | sc | ST | | | | | | | |
| 9 | UR | EWS | UR | ОВС | sc | ST | | 10 | | | | | | |
| 10 | EWS | UR | овс | SC | ST | | 8 | | | | | | | |
| 11 | UR | овс | sc | ST | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | OBC | sc | ST | | 57 | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | SC | ST | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note:

- For cadres of 2 to 13 posts the roster is to be read from entry 1 under column Cadre Strength till the last post and then horizontally till the last entry in the horizontal row i.e. like "L"
- 2. All the posts of a cadre are to be earmarked for the categories shown under column initial recruitment. While initial filling up will be by the earmarked category, the replacement against any of the post in the cadre shall be by rotation as shown horizontally against the last post of the cadre.

Annexure-VI

Name of the Ministry/Department:

| for the fortnight | on | on 01.02.2019 | | | | | | during the fortnight ending | | | | | Total vacancies filled up since 01.02.2019 | | | | |
|-------------------|----|---------------|-----|-----|----|----|----|-----------------------------|-----|----|----|----|--|-----|----|--|--|
| ending | SC | ST | ОВС | EWS | UR | SC | ST | ОВС | EWS | UR | SC | ST | OBC | EWS | UR | | |

Note 1: Single consolidated fortnightly report may be sent in respect of the Ministry/Department and its attached and sub-ordinate offices

Note 2: The first report should begin from 15.02.2019

Note 3: Filled up fortnightly report may be emailed at jsest@nic.in and g.sreenivasan@nic.in

B. FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS (FAQs) ON RESERVATION TO ECONOMICALLY WEAKER SECTIONS (EWSs) IN POSTS/ SERVICES UNDER CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

FAQs on Property

Question-1. If the land/property (more than threshold limit) is in the name of parents and there are more than one child and the property has not been distributed, then in that situation, can one of the children apply for EWS certificate?

Answer: No. Para 4.2 and 4.3 of said O.M. dated 31.01.2019 provides that the property held by a "Family" in different locations or different places/cities would be clubbed while applying the land or property holding test to determine EWS status and the term 'Family' for this purpose will include the person who seeks benefit of reservation, his/her parents and siblings below the age of 18 years as also his/her spouse and children below the age of 18 years. Property beyond threshold limit tantamount to disqualification for applying to Income and Asset Certificate in respect of any of the children.

Question-2. In case agricultural land/residential flat/plot of parents is located in more than one State/District or within the same State/District, all such land/properties will be clubbed or not?

Answer: Yes. Para 4.2 of said O.M. dated 31.01.2019 provides that, the property held by a "Family" in different locations or different places/cities would be clubbed while applying the land or property holding test to determine EWS status. Person can apply for Income and Asset Certificate in the district of his permanent address.

Question-3. Does the residential flat/plot as classified under Para 4.1 of DoPT OM, dated 31.1.2019, includes both commercial and residential property?

Answer: Para 4.1 of the OM, dated 31.1.2019, speaks of residential property. However, exclusion of commercial property will result in injustice. Hence, the definition of residential flat/plot in the OM also includes the commercial property.

Question-4. Will the property of grandparents not distributed among the parents of the applicants be counted towards calculating the assets held by the parents of applicants for the purpose of Income and Asset Certificate?

Answer: No. Grandparent is not a part of a family under para 4.3 of OM dated 31.1.2019.

Question-5. If half of the residential plot, i.e. 90 square yards is in urban area (notified municipalities) and rest 90 square yards is in rural areas

(other than the notified municipalities), how will the residential plot be treated?

Answer:It will be 90 square yards in urban area and remaining 90 square yards in rural area. Hence, as laid down in Para 4.1 of OM dated 31.1.2019, it is neither 100 square yards in notified municipalities nor 200 square yards in other than notified municipalities. As such, eligibility will remain for EWS certificate.

Question-6. If the construction of a residential flat/plot is on barren land, does that property come under residential flat or agricultural land?

Answer: If it is a flat, the criteria of Income & Assets applicable for residential flat of 1000 square feet and above as provided in para 4.1(ii) of the O.M. dated 31.1.2019, will apply. If it is a plot, again, the criteria of notified municipality or the area other than the notified municipality will apply as provided in Para 4.1 (iii) and (iv) of the O.M., dated 31.1.2019.

Question-7. What does residential plot mean? How is residential plot measured?

Answer: Residential plot means a plot for the purpose of construction of residential house irrespective of the fact whether the house has been constructed or not. The entire area of the plot will be taken into account while assessing the eligibility of a candidate to get an Income & Asset Certificate. In this regard, rules/regulations framed by the respective Municipality/Panchayat shall be taken into account.

Question-8. What is the difference between residential flat and residential plot?

Answer: For the purpose of reservation in the category of EWS, the term 'Plot' connotes an independent identity, whereas the term 'flat' connotes a number of residential units/dwelling units built on the same plot.

Question-9: If a person has residential flat/plot on agricultural land will that be treated as agricultural land or residential flat/plot?

Answer: Built up area of the flat and the covered area plus the area left uncovered of the plot (as per rules of Municipality/Panchayats) will be treated as residential area and additional land beyond residential flat / plot, being used for agricultural purpose, may be treated as agricultural land. This will be specifically for the purpose of determination of EWS status and not for any other purpose.

Question-10. In case of residential flat, whether super area (including common area viz, stair case, gardens, roads within the society, as distributed among the flats) or total area of the flat (including brick/pillar area) or carpet area (excluding brick and pillar area) is to be taken into account for computation of the measurement of the flat?

Answer: Total built up area of the residential unit/flat, including brick/pillar area (excluding staircase area and common area), is to be taken into account for computation of measurement of the flat.

FAQs on Category of Applicant

Question-11. Migrants belonging to Scheduled Castes (SCs), Scheduled Tribe(STs), Other Backward Castes(OBCs) in other State where they do not belong to SC, ST and OBC, then in that case, can they apply for EWS reservation?

Answer: As per Para 2 of DoPT O.M. No. 36039/1/2019-Estt.(Res.), dated 31.01.2019, the persons belonging to EWSs who, are not covered under the scheme of reservation for SCs, STs and OBCs shall get 10% reservation in direct recruitment in civil posts and services in the Government of India. Applicants belonging to SC, ST or OBC included in the Central List residing in any of the States/UTs are not eligible for EWS reservation in respect of posts/services of the Government of India.

Question-12. If a person belongs to Other Backward Classes (OBCs) in a State list but not in Central List, can he apply for Income and Asset Certificate?

Answer: Para 2 of annexure-I to O.M., dated 31.01.2019, regarding Income & Asset Certificate reads as under:

"Shri/Smt./Kumari ______ belongs to the _____ caste which is not recognized as a Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribe and Other Backward Classes (Central List)".

Therefore, if a person belongs to OBC in a State list but not in Central List, he/she can apply for Income and Asset Certificate for applying to posts and services of the Government of India to avail of EWS reservation subject to fulfilling other conditions, as mentioned in said OM, dated 31.1.2019.

FAQs on vacancies

Question-13. How can the unfilled vacancies of EWS be filled in a recruitment year in case of non-availability of suitable candidates belonging to EWS?

Answer: As per Pare 6.3 of DoPT OM No. 36039/112019-Estt.(Res.), dated 31.3.2019, where in any recruitment year any vacancy earmarked for EWS cannot be filled up due to non availability of a suitable candidate belonging to EWS, such vacancies for that particular recruitment year shall not be carried forward to the next recruitment year as backlog. A further attempt in the same recruitment year to fill the EWS vacancy is desirable. Thereafter, the unfilled vacancies may be filled up, treating them as unreserved provided it does not result in excess representation in general category beyond the number added on account of non-availability of EWS candidate. If it results in excess representations, it may be diverted to the category in which shortfall exists.

Question-14. Whether EWS reservation is to be calculated on total number of vacancies of cadre strength or current year vacancies.

Answer: EWS reservation should be calculated in accordance with reservation roster as provided in Annexure - II to V of DoPT OM, dated 31.1.2019. EWS reservation is effective in respect of all direct recruitment vacancies to be notified on or after 01.02.2019. Every Government establishment shall recast group-wise post-based reservation roster register for direct recruitment, in accordance with format given in Annexure II, III, IV and V of DoPT OM, dated 31.1.2019, as the case may be, for effecting 10% reservation for EWSs interpolating them with the SCs, STs and OBCs. Thereafter, they can see the point which was vacated in the Post Based Roster. The vacancies will, accordingly, go to respective categories. Current vacancies are to be taken into account to distribute vacancies amongst different categories...

FAQs on Income

Question-15. Whether money earned through Provided Fund, Gratuity or other pensionary benefits in a particular financial year at the time of retirement will be counted as family income?

Answer: As per Para 4.1 of DoPT O.M. No. 36039/1/2019-Estt.(Res.), dated 31.01.2019, apart from asset holding test, persons whose family has gross annual income below Rs 8.00 lakh (Rupees eight lakh only) are to be identified as EWSs for benefit of reservation. Income for the purpose shall include income from all sources i.e. salary, agriculture, business, profession, etc. for the financial year prior to the year of application. The income for this purpose will be gross income taken into account for the purpose of Income Tax.

Question-16. Will monthly pension/family pension be counted for family income?

Answer: Yes.

Question-17. Gross salary is Rs.10 Lakh but as per income tax return total income comes out to Rs.6 Lakh. In that case, can a candidate apply for Income and Asset certificate?

Answer: It is always gross salary/gross income.

FAQs on Competent Authorities for issuance of Income & Asset Certificate

Question-18. Can Competent Authorities of different States and Union Territories issue Income and Asset Certificate in different formats?

Answer: No. Prescribed format for Income & Asset Certificate for applying to posts and services under the Government of India has been prescribed vide Annexure-I of DoPT O.M. No. 36039/1/2019-Estt.(Res.-II),dated 31.01.2019.

Hence, it cannot be different for different States/UTs for the purpose of employment under the Central Government.

Question-19. Whether Anchal Adhikari or Naib-Tehsildar is a competent Authority to issue a EWS certificate?

Answer: AnchalAdhikari of any State/UT can issue Income and Asset Certificate, if he/she is not below the rank of Tehsildar or any other equivalent officer(s) as mentioned in Para 5.1 of DoPT OM, dated 31.1.2019, and as notified by the respective State/UT. If the Anchal Adhikari/Naib Tehsildar is below the rank of Tehsildar, they shall not issue Income & Asset Certificate.

FAQs regarding Income & Asset Certificate

Question-20. In case Income and Asset certificate comes out to be a fake/false at a later stage, what will be the next course of action to be followed by the Appointing Authority?

Answer: Para 5.4 DoPT OM, dated 31.01.2019 provides that the appointing authorities should, in the offer of appointment to the candidates, claiming to be belonging to EWS, include the following clause:-

"The appointment is provisional and is subject to the Income and asset certificate being verified through the proper channels and if the verification reveals that the claim to belong to EWS is fake/false the services will be terminated forthwith without assigning any further reasons and without prejudice to such further action as may be taken under the provisions of the Indian Penal Code for production of fake/false certificate.

The appointing authority should verify the veracity of the Income and asset certificate submitted by the candidate through the certificate issuing authority."

If the Income & Asset Certificate is found to be fake, the services of the temporarily appointed person shall be done away with.

Question-21. Crucial date for Income & Asset certificate?

Answer: Para 5.3 DoPT OM, dated 31.01.2019, provides that the crucial date for submitting income and asset certificate by the candidate may be treated as the closing date for receipt of application for the post, except in cases where crucial date is fixed otherwise. The crucial date for submission of Income & Asset Certificate (Cutoff date) shall be clearly mentioned in the advertisement published by the recruiting agencies. Income & Asset Certificates issued subsequent to the crucial date and for the later Financial Year shall be treated as major discrepancies. In this regard, the order, dated 18.05.2020 passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in SLP(C) No. 426/2021 titled UPSC vs Gaurav Singh &Ors, may be referred to.

Question-22. Requirement of seal/stamp of name and designation of Income & Asset certificate issuing authority of State/UT.

Answer: The authorized certificate issuing authorities in the States/UTs should invariably affix the seal/stamp properly displaying their name and designation on the space earmarked for the purpose in the Income and Asset Certificate (Annexure-I of DoPT OM, dated 31.01.2019).

Question-23. What if the earmarked space of "Valid for the year____" below the certificate no. and date is left blank?

Answer: As per Para 4.1 of DoPT OM No. 36039/1/2019-Estt.(Res.), dated 31.01.2019, Family Gross Annual Income shall be computed for the financial year prior to the year of application. Therefore, if the closing date for receipt of application for a post is 1st August, 2022, the financial year for computing gross annual income of the family shall be 2021-2022 and the certificate shall be valid for 2022-2023. If it is left blank but the income and assets have been calculated for the correct financial year and also indicated in the body of the Income & Asset Certificate, it may be referred back to the certificate issuing authority for confirmation and filling up the validity year in the space earmarked for it. However, neither financial year nor validity year is mentioned in the certificate, it will be treated as a major discrepancies and may invite rejection.

Miscellaneous FAQs

Question-24. What are notified municipalities and areas falling in 'other than the notified municipalities'?

Answer: Notified Municipalities means the area under the respective Municipalities, as notified by the respective States/UTs. If any area has not been notified, it will come under the category of the area 'other than the notified municipalities'.

Question-25. Whether in case of applicants(s) not living with parents or separated by parents, property or income of parents shall be taken into account for computation of family income?

Answer: As per Para 4.3 of DoPT O.M. No. 36039/1/2019-Estt.(Res.), dated 31.01.2019, The term "Family" for this purpose will include the person who seeks benefit of reservation, his/her parents and siblings below the age of 18 years as also his/her spouse and children below the age of 18 years. Therefore, no other definition of Family will be allowed. To make it clear, it is stated that whether the children are not living with parents or separated from parents, property/income of parents shall be taken into account for computation of family income.

Question-26. Whether siblings/children of 18 years or above will be counted under the definition of family for EWS reservation?

Answer: No. As per the Para 4.3 of O.M. of DoPT, dated 31.01.2019, the term "Family" will include the person who seeks benefit of reservation, his/her parents and siblings below the age of 18 years, as also his/her spouse and children below the age of 18 years. Therefore, siblings/children of 18 years and

above will not be counted under the definition of "Family" for applying to Income and Asset Certificate.

Question-27. What is the maximum time limit to issue the Asset and Income Certificate for EWS after submitting the application?

Answer: The Officer who issues the certificate would do the same after carefully verifying all relevant documents following due process, as prescribed by the respective State/UT and, accordingly, time limit for issuing Income and Asset Certificate is to be decided by the respective State/UT. However, the time limit should be fixed in such a way that it does not harm the interest of the applicants.

Question-28. Whether the benefit of age relaxation and relaxation in number of attempts available to EWS candidates?

Answer: No. The conditions prescribed for General category candidates in matters of Age and Number of attempts, would also apply to EWS candidates.

- 2. In case any reply, as contained in this FAQ, contradicts any of the provisions made in DoPT OM, dated 31.1.2019, the provisions made in DoPT OM, dated 31.1.2019, shall prevail. The clarification contained in this FAQs shall be effective from the date of issue of this OM and it will not be applicable to the cases settled before the date of issue of this O.M. Further the clarifications are subject to outcome of different cases pending before various Courts on the subject.
- 3. This FAQs is being issued after having consultation with the Department of Social Justice and Empowerment and the Department of Legal Affairs.

3. PROVISIONS RELATING TO PERSONS WITH BENCHMARK DISABILITY (PwBDs)

A. RESERVATION FOR PwDs IN DIRECT RECRUITMENT

Previous OMs on the subject

OM.No. 36035/16 /91-Estt.(SCT), dated 18.02.1997

OM.No. 36035/3/ 2004- Estt.(Res), dated 29.12.2005

With enactment of THE RIGHTS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES ACT, 2016' from 19thApril, 2017 and notification of THE RIGHTS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES RULES, 2017' on 15thJune, 2017, the following instructions have been issued in line with the provisions made therein regarding reservation for

Persons with Benchmark Disabilities, as defined under Section 2(r) of the Act against the posts and services of the Central Government.

2. QUANTUM OF RESERVATION

- 2.1 In case of direct recruitment, four percent of the total number of vacancies to be filled up by direct recruitment, in the cadre strength in each group of posts i.e. Groups A, B and C shall be reserved for persons with benchmark disabilities.
- 2.2 Against the posts identified for each disabilities, of which, one per cent each shall be reserved for persons with benchmark disabilities under clauses (a), (b) and (c) and one per cent, under clauses (d) and (e), unless otherwise excluded under the provisions of Para3 herein under:-
 - (a) Blindness and low vision;
 - (b) Deaf and hard of hearing;
 - (c) Locomotor disability including cerebral palsy, leprosy cured, dwarfism, acid attack victims and muscular dystrophy;
 - (d) autism, intellectual disability, specific learning disability and mental illness;
 - (e) multiple disabilities from amongst persons under clauses (a) to (d) including deaf-blindness

3. EXEMPTION FROM RESERVATION:

If any Ministry/Department in the Central Government considers it necessary to exempt any establishment or any cadre or cadres fully or partly from the provisions of reservation for persons with benchmark disabilities, it shall make a reference to the Department of Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities giving full justification for the proposal, who having regard to the type of work carried out in any Government establishment by notification and subject to such condition, if any, as may be specified in the notification, in consultation with the Chief Commissioner for Persons with Disabilities (CCPD) may exempt any Establishment or any cadre(s) fully or partly from the provisions of reservation for persons with benchmark disabilities.

4. ADJUSTMENT AGAINST UNRESERVED VACANCIES::

- 4.1 In the category of posts which are identified suitable for persons with benchmark disabilities, a person with benchmark disability cannot be denied the right to compete for appointment by direct recruitment against an unreserved vacancy. Thus a person with benchmark disability can be appointed by direct recruitment against vacancy not specifically reserved for the persons with benchmark disability, provided the post is identified suitable for persons with benchmark disability of the relevant category.
- 4.2 Persons with benchmark disabilities selected without relaxed standards along with other candidates, will not be adjusted against the reserved share of vacancies. The reserved vacancies will be filled up separately from amongst the eligible candidates with benchmark disabilities which will thus comprise of candidates with benchmark disabilities who are lower in merit than the last candidate in merit list but otherwise found suitable for appointment, if necessary, by relaxed standards.

5. CERTIFICATE OF DISABILITY:

A person who wants to avail the benefit of reservation will have to submit a certificate of disability issued by a Competent Authority. Such certificate in the event of selection of such person for any post, will be subject to such verification/re-verification as may be decided by the competent authority.

6. COMPUTATION OF NUMBER OF POSTS TO BE RESERVED:

- The number of posts to be reserved for persons with benchmark 6.1 disabilities in case of Group C posts shall be computed on the basis of total number of vacancies in the cadre strength of Group C posts, in the establishment, although the recruitment of the persons with benchmark disabilities would only be against the category of posts identified suitable for them. The number of vacancies to be reserved for the persons with benchmark disabilities in case of direct recruitment to Group 'C' posts in an establishment shall be computed by taking into account the total number of vacancies arising in Group 'C' posts for being filled by direct recruitment in a recruitment year both in the identified and non-identified category of posts under the establishment. Since reservation, wherever applicable, for Persons with Benchmark Disabilities is provided computing total number of vacancies in the cadre strength in identified category of posts as well as unidentified category of posts, it may be possible that number of persons appointed by reservation in an identified category of post may exceed four per cent.
- 6.2 Reservation for persons with benchmark disabilities in Group 'A' or Group 'B' posts shall be computed on the basis of total number of vacancies occurring in direct recruitment quota in the cadre in all the Group 'A' posts or Group 'B' posts respectively, and the computation of total vacancies shall include vacancies arising in the identified and non-identified category of posts.

7. EFFECTING RESERVATION - MAINTENANCE OF ROSTERS::

- 7.1 Every Government establishment shall maintain group-wise a separate vacancy based 100 point vacancy based reservation roster register in the format given in Annexure for determining/effecting reservation for the Persons with Benchmark Disabilities one each for Group 'A' posts filled by direct recruitment, Group 'B' posts filled by direct recruitment and Group 'C' posts filled by direct recruitment.
- 7.2 Each register shall have cycles of 100 points and each cycle of 100 points shall be divided into four blocks, comprising the following points:

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1st Block - point No. 01 to point No. 25
2nd Block - point No. 26 to point No. 50
3rd Block - point No. 51 to point No. 75
4th Block — point No. 76 to point No.100
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- 7.3 Points 1, 26, 51 and 76 of the roster shall be earmarked for persons with benchmark disabilities one point each for four respective categories of disabilities. The Head of the establishment shall ensure that vacancies identified at SI. No.1, 26, 51 and 76 are earmarked for the respective categories of the persons with benchmark disabilities. However, the Head of the establishment shall decide the placement of the selected candidate in the roster register.
- 7.4 All the vacancies arising irrespective of vacancies reserved for Persons

with Benchmark Disabilities shall be entered in the relevant roster. If the vacancy falling at point no. 1 is not identified for the Person with Benchmark Disability or the Head of the establishment considers it desirable not to fill it up by Persons with Benchmark Disabilities or it is not possible to fill up that post by the Persons with Benchmark Disabilities for any other reason, one of the vacancies falling at any of the points from 2 to 25 shall be treated as reserved for the person with benchmark disability and filled as such.

- 7.5 Likewise, a vacancy falling at any of the points from 26 to 50 or from 51 to 75 or from 76 to 100 shall have to be filled by the Persons with Benchmark Disabilities. The purpose of keeping points 1, 26, 51 and 76 as reserved is to fill up the first available suitable vacancy.
- 7.6 There is a possibility that none of the vacancies from 1 to 25 is suitable for any category of the person with benchmark disability. In that case two vacancies from 26 to 50 shall be filled as reserved for persons with benchmark disabilities. If the vacancies from 26 to 50 are also not suitable for any category, three vacancies shall be filled as reserved from the third block containing points from 51 to 75. This means that if no vacancy can be reserved in a particular block, it shall be carried over into the next block
- 7.7 After all the 100 points of the roster are covered, a fresh cycle of 100 points shall start.
- 7.8 If the number of vacancies in a year is such as to cover only one block (say 25 vacancies) or two (say 50 vacancies), the category of the persons with benchmark disabilities should be accommodated as per the roster points. However, in case, the said vacancy is not identified for the respective category, the Head of the establishment shall decide the category on the basis of the nature of the post, the level of representation of the specific disabled category in the concerned grade/post etc.

8. <u>INTER SE EXCHANGE AND CARRY FORWARD OF RESERVATION IN</u> CASE OF DIRECT RECRUITMENT:

8.1 Where in any recruitment year any vacancy cannot be filled up due to non availability of a suitable person with benchmark disability or for any other sufficient reason, such vacancy shall be carried forward in the succeeding recruitment year and if in the succeeding recruitment year also suitable person with benchmark disability is not available, it may first be filled by interchange among the following four categories of disabilities, at one percent each to each category:

(A

(a) blindness and low vision;

(\mathbf{B})

(b) deaf and hard of hearing;

(C)

(c)locomotor disability including cerebral palsy, leprosy cured, dwarfism, acid attack victims and muscular dystrophy;

(D)

(d) autism, intellectual disability, specific learning disability and mental illness;

- (e)multiple disabilities from amongst persons under clauses (a) to (d) including deaf-blindness.
- 8.2 Only when there is no person with benchmark disability available for the post in that year, the employer shall fill up the vacancy by appointment of a person, other than a person with benchmark disability.
- 8.3 If the nature of vacancies in an establishment is such that a given category of person cannot be employed, the vacancies may be interchanged with the prior approval of Department of Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities, among the above mentioned four categories.
- 8.4 If any vacancy reserved for any category of benchmark disability cannot be filled due to non-availability of a suitable person with that benchmark disability or, for any other sufficient reason, such vacancy shall be carried forward as a 'backlog reserved vacancy' to the subsequent recruitment year.
- 8.5 In the subsequent recruitment year the 'backlog reserved vacancy' shall be treated as reserved for the category of disability for which it was kept reserved in the initial year of recruitment. However, if a suitable person with that benchmark disability is not available, it may be filled by interchange among the categories of benchmark disabilities identified for reservation. In case no suitable person with benchmark disability is available for filling up the vacancy in the succeeding year also, the employer may fill up the vacancy by a person other than a person with benchmark disability. If the vacancy is filled by a person with benchmark disability of the category for which it was reserved or by a person of other category of benchmark disability by inter se exchange in the subsequent recruitment year, it will be treated to have been filled by reservation. But if the vacancy is filled by a person other than a person with benchmark disability in the subsequent recruitment year, reservation shall be carried forward for a further period upto two recruitment years whereafter the reservation shall lapse. In these two subsequent years, if situation so arises, the procedure for filling up the reserved vacancy shall be the same as followed in the first subsequent recruitment year.
- 8.6 The Government establishment shall interchange vacancies only if due process of recruitment viz. proper advertisement of vacancy to fill up the vacancies reserved for persons with benchmark disabilities has been complied with.
- 8.7 In order to ensure that cases of lapse of reservation are kept to the minimum, any recruitment of the persons with benchmark disabilities candidates shall first be counted against the additional quota brought forward from previous years, if any, in their chronological order. If candidates are not available for all the vacancies, the older carried forward reservation would be filled first and the current vacancies would be carried forward if not filled up provided that in every recruitment, the number of vacancies reserved for Persons with Benchmark Disabilities including carried forward vacancies will be announced beforehand, for the information of all aspirants

9. <u>HORIZONTALITY OF RESERVATION FOR PERSONS WITH</u> BENCHMARK DISABILITIES:

- 9.1 Reservation for backward classes of citizens (SCs, STs and OBCs) is called vertical reservation and the reservation for categories such as persons with benchmark disabilities and ex-servicemen is called horizontal reservation. Horizontal reservation cuts across vertical reservation (in what is called interlocking reservation) and persons selected against the quota for persons with benchmark disabilities have to be placed in the appropriate category viz. SC/ST/OBC/Unreserved depending upon the category to which they belong in the roster meant for reservation of SCs/STs/OBCs. To illustrate, if in a given year there are two vacancies reserved for the persons with benchmark disabilities and out of two persons with benchmark disabilities appointed, one belongs to Scheduled Caste and the other belongs to Unreserved category, then the SC candidate with benchmark disability shall be adjusted against the SC point in the reservation roster and the Unreserved candidate with benchmark disability against unreserved point in the relevant reservation roster. In case none of the vacancies falls on point reserved for the SCs, the candidate under benchmark disability belonging to SC shall be adjusted in future against the next available vacancy reserved for SCs.
- 9.2 Since the persons with benchmark disabilities have to be placed in the appropriate category viz. SC/ST/OBC/Unreserved in the roster meant for reservation of SCs/STs/OBCs, the application form for the post should require the candidates applying under the quota reserved for persons with benchmark disabilities to indicate whether they belong to SC/S T/OBC or Unreserved. Thus, reservation for persons with benchmark disabilities is horizontal.

10. CERTIFICATE BY REQUISITIONING AUTHORITY

10.1 In order to ensure proper implementation of the provisions of reservation for persons with benchmark disabilities, the requisitioning authority while sending the requisition to the recruiting agency or authority as the case may be for filling up of posts shall furnish the following certificate to the recruiting agency:-

"It is certified that the requirements of the THE RIGHTS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES ACT, 2016' which has become effective from 19 thday of April, 2017 and the policy relating to reservation for persons with benchmark disabilities has been taken care of while sending this requisition. The vacancies reported in this requisition fall at points no of 100 point reservation roster out of which number of vacancies are reserved for persons with benchmark disabilities."

10.2 At the time of initial appointment against a vacancy reserved for persons with benchmark disabilities, the appointing authority shall ensure that the candidate is eligible to get the benefit of reservation.

11. RELAXATION OF STANDARD OF SUITABILITY:

11.1 If sufficient number of candidates with benchmark disabilities candidates are not available on the basis of the general standard to fill all the vacancies reserved for them, candidates belonging to this category may be selected on relaxed standard to fill up the remaining vacancies reserved for them provided

they are not found unfit for such post or posts. However, this provision shall not be used to allow any relaxation in the eligibility criteria laid down for the issuance of certificate of disability.

11.2 Same relaxed standard should be applied for all the candidates with Benchmark Disabilities whether they belong to Unreserved/SC/ST/OBC. No further relaxation of standards will be considered or admissible in favour of any candidate from any category whatsoever.

12. MEDICAL EXAMINATION:

As per Rule 10 of the Fundamental Rules, every new entrant to Government Service on initial appointment is required to produce a medical certificate of fitness issued by a competent authority. In case of medical examination of a person with benchmark disabilities for appointment to a post identified as suitable to be held by a person suffering from a particular kind of disability, the concerned Medical Officer or Board shall be informed beforehand that the post is identified suitable to be held by persons with benchmark disabilities of the relevant category and the candidate shall then be examined medically keeping this fact in view.

13. <u>ANNUAL REPORTS REGARDING REPRESENTATION OF PERSONS</u> WITH BENCHMARK DISABILITIES:

The Ministries/Departments shall continue to upload data on representation of Persons with Benchmark Disabilities along with data on SCs, STs, OBCs in respect of posts/services under the Central Government on the URL i.e. www.rrcps.nic.in as on 1 st January of every year. All Ministries/Departments have been provided respective usercode and password with guidelines for operating the URL.

14. <u>MAINTENANCE OF REGISTER OF COMPLAINTS BY THE</u> GOVERNMENT ESTABLISHMENT:

- 14.1 Every Government establishment shall appoint a senior officer of the Department as the Grievance Redressal Officer.
- 14.2 The Grievance Redressal Officer shall maintain a register of complaints of persons with disabilities with the following particulars, namely:-
- (a) date of complaint;
- (b) name of complainant;
- (c) the name of the establishment or person against whom the complaint is made;
- (d) gist of the complaint;
- (e) date of disposal by the Grievance Redressal Officer; and
- (f) any other information.
- 14.3 Any person aggrieved with any matter relating to discrimination in employment against any person with disability may file a complaint with the Grievance Redressal Officer of the respective Government establishment.
- 14.4 Every complaint filed as per Para 14.3 above, shall be inquired into within two months of its registration and outcome thereof or action taken thereon shall be communicated to the complainant / Person with Benchmark Disability.

Annexure

RESERVATION ROSTER FOR PERSONS WITH BENCHMARK DISABILITIES

| Year of Recruitment | Cycle No. | Point No. | Name of Post | persons with benchmark | | | | Unreserved or Reserved** | Name of the person appointed and date of appointment | whether the person appointed is in a, b, | Remark, if any |
|------------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------------|---|---|---------|--------------------------------|--|--|----------------|
| | | | | а | b | c | (d & e) | | - PPS-MONUM | c and (d &e) or None*** | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Respective Categories

- (a) blindness and low vision
- (b) deaf and hard of hearing
- (c) locomotor disability including cerebral paisy, leprosy cured, dwarfism, acid attack victims and muscular dystrophy
- (d) autism, intellectual disability, specific learning disability and mental illness
- (e) multiple disabilities from amongst persons under clauses (a) to (d) including deaf-blindness

G Stishan

(DoPT O.M. No. 36035/02/2017-Estt.(Res.), dated 15.01.2018)

B. RESERVATION FOR PwDs IN PROMOTION

The matter regarding reservation in promotion for Persons with Benchmark Disabilities (PwBDs) had been under litigation before various courts of law for quite some time, and the Hon'ble Supreme Court, in its order, dated 28.9.2021, delivered in the 'Application for Clarification' in the matter of 'Siddaraju vs. State of Karnataka', Civil Appeal No. 1567/2017, directed the Government to issue instructions on 'Reservation in Promotion', as provided in Section 34 of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016. Accordingly, the following instructions have been issued for grant of reservation in promotion to PwBDs, in the posts and services of the Central Government, as defined under Section 2(r) of the said Act, notified by the Department of Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities (DEPwD).

^{**}If identified reserved, write a/b/c/(d & e) as the case may be, otherwise write UR

^{***}Write a/b/c/(d & e) or None, as the case may be

2. QUANTUM OF RESERVATION

- 2.1 In case of promotion, four per cent of the total number of vacancies in the cadre strength within Group 'C, from Group 'C to Group 'B', within Group 'B' and from Group 'B' to the lowest rung of Group 'A' shall be reserved for PwBDs. Reservation in promotion shall be applicable in the cadres in which the element of direct recruitment, if any, does not exceed 75%.
- 2.2 Against the posts identified for each disability, one per cent each shall be reserved for PwBDs under clauses (a), (b) and (c), respectively, and one per cent combined, under clauses (d) and (e) below, unless otherwise excluded under the provisions of Para 3 hereinunder; -
 - (a) blindness and low vision;
 - (b) deaf and hard of hearing;
 - (c) locomotor disability including cerebral palsy, leprosy cured, dwarfism, acid attack victims and muscular dystrophy;
 - (d) autism, intellectual disability, specific learning disability and mental illness;
 - (e) multiple disabilities from amongst persons under clauses (a) to (d) including deaf-blindness.
- 2.3 The authenticity of any certificate, issued by the competent medical authority, may be got verified/re-verified by the appointing authority at the time of appointment.

3. EXEMPTION FROM RESERVATION IN PROMOTION

- 3.1 Proviso to Section 20(1) of the Right of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016, states that the appropriate Government may, having regard to the type of work carried on in any establishment, by notification and subject to such conditions, if any, exempt any establishment from the provisions of this Section.
- 3.2 Accordingly, if any Ministry/Department in the Central Government considers it necessary to exempt any establishment or any cadre or cadres fully or partly from the provisions of reservation in promotion for PwBDs, it shall make a reference to the DEPwD, giving full justification for the proposal. The DEPwD, having regard to the type of work carried out in any Government establishment, by notification, and subject to such condition, if any, as may be specified in the notification, in consultation with the Chief Commissioner for Persons with Disabilities (CCPD), may exempt any Establishment or any cadre(s), fully or partly, from the provisions of reservation for PwBDs. While doing so, Notes 1 to 9 under the Notification No.38-16/2020-DD.II, dated the 4th January, 2021, issued and as modified from time to time by the DEPwD, may kindly be kept in view

4. <u>NO DENIAL OF PROMOTION MERELY ON THE GROUND OF</u> DISABILITY

4.1 In terms of Section 20(3) of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016, no promotion shall be denied to a person merely on the ground of disability. Further, in terms of Section 20(4) of the Act, no Government establishment shall dispense with or reduce in rank an employee who acquires

a disability during his/her service. As per the proviso to this sub-section, if an employee, after acquiring disability is not suitable for the post he was holding, shall be shifted to some other post with the same pay scale and service benefits. This section further provides that if it is not possible to adjust the employee against any post, he may be kept on a supernumerary post until a suitable post is available or he attains the age of superannuation, whichever is earlier. However, in case the PwBDs for whom the supernumerary post was created is eligible for next promotion to higher pay level, and it is not possible to adjust the employee against any post, a fresh creation of supernumerary post in next higher level will be required by surrendering the previously created supernumerary post at the lower level, and the proposal for the same may be submitted to the Department of Expenditure.

- 4.2 An employee who acquires disability, after entering into service, will be entitled to get the benefit of reservation in promotion as a PwBD. However, his seniority among PwBDs will be counted from the date of certification of his/her disability, i.e., disability of 40% or more in the categories covered under Section 34(1) of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016.
- 4.3 No benefit of reservation shall be given on the basis of temporary certificate of disability

5. <u>IDENTIFICATION OF POSTS</u>;

5.1 The DEPwD has already identified posts suitable for being held by PwBDs and the physical requirement for all such posts, have been notified, vide their Notification No. 38-16/2020-DD-III, dated the 4th January, 2021. The posts mentioned in AnnexureC of the said notification (to be read in conjunction with Notes 1 to 9 mentioned under the main Notification, dated 4th January, 2021) shall be used by the Cadre Controlling Authorities to give effect to reservation in promotion to the PwBDs.

6. <u>RESERVATION IN POSTS IDENTIFIED FOR ONE OR TWO</u> CATEGORIES

6.1 If in a Ministry/Department/Organization, a post is identified suitable only for one category of disability, reservation in promotion in that post shall be given to persons with that category of benchmark disability only. However, reservation of 4% for PwBDs shall not be reduced in such cases and total reservation in the cadre will be given to PwBDs for which it has been identified. Likewise, in case the post is identified suitable for two categories of disabilities, reservation shall be distributed between persons with those categories of disabilities equally, as far as possible. It shall, however, be ensured that reservation in different posts in the establishment is distributed in such a way that the PwBDs, as far as possible, get equal/fair representation. The points used in the 100-point Roster after a gap of 25 points shall be used to give reservation. In other words, it will be given only at the points reserved for PwBDs, and not in a bunched manner.

7. ADJUSTMENT OF PWBD CANDIDATES WHO ARE IN THE ZONE OF CONSIDERATION AGAINST GENERAL VACANCY

7.1 In case of promotions by seniority-cum-fitness, if a PwBD is otherwise eligible and is in the list of candidates finally approved for promotion, he/she

may be promoted against the vacancy not specifically reserved for PwBD. In other words, a PwBD cannot be denied promotion on the ground that the vacancy is not earmarked for his category

7.2 In the case of promotion by selection, PwBDs selected without relaxed standards, along with other candidates, will not be adjusted against the reserved share of vacancies. The reserved vacancies will be filled up separately from amongst the eligible candidates with benchmark disabilities who are lower in merit than the last candidate in merit list but, otherwise found suitable for appointment, if necessary, by relaxed standards.

8. RELAXATION OF STANDARD OF SUITABILITY

- 8.1 If sufficient number of PwBD candidates with benchmark disabilities are not available on the basis of prescribed standard to fill all the vacancies (in case of promotion through Limited Departmental Competitive Examination/Departmental Examination, etc.) reserved for them, candidates belonging to this category may be selected on relaxed standard to fill up the remaining vacancies reserved for them, provided they are not found unfit for such post or posts. However, this provision shall not be used to allow any relaxation in the eligibility criteria laid down for the issuance of certificate of benchmark disability.
- 8.2 The same relaxed standard should be applied for all the PwBD candidates with benchmark disabilities, irrespective of whether they belong to the Unreserved/SO/ ST/ OBC category. No further relaxation of standards will be considered or admissible in favour of any candidate from any category whatsoever.

9. COMPUTATION OF NUMBER OF VACANCIES TO BE RESERVED

9.1 Number of vacancies in a recruitment year to be reserved for PwBDs in Group 'C, Group 'B' and Group 'A', wherever reservation in promotion for PwBD is applicable, shall be computed as 4% of the total number of vacancies in the cadre strength, although the PwBDs would be posted against the category of posts identified as suitable for them

10. EFFECTING RESERVATION - MAINTENANCE OF ROSTERS

- 10.1 Every Government establishment shall maintain, cadre wise and group-wise, a separate 100-point vacancy-based reservation roster/register, as in the case of direct recruitment, for determining/effecting reservation for the PwBDs in promotion. There will be separate roster / register, in each cadre in Group 'C', Group 'B' and Group 'A', wherever reservation in promotion for PwBD is applicable. There shall be separate roster/register for promotion and direct recruitment.
- 10.2 Each register shall have cycles of 100 points and each cycle of 100 points shall be divided into four blocks, comprising the following points:

1st Block - Point No. 01 to point No. 25 2nd Block - Point No. 26 to point No. 50 3rd Block - Point No. 51 to point No. 75 4th Block — Point No. 76 to point No. 100

- 10.3 Points 1, 26, 51 and 76 of the roster shall be earmarked for PwBDs one point each for category under (a), (b), (c) of Para 2.2 above, respectively, and one point for category (d) and (e) conjointly. The Head of the establishment shall ensure that vacancies identified at SI. No.1, 26, 51 and 76 are earmarked for the respective categories of the PwBD. However, the Head of the Department shall decide the placement of the selected candidate in the roster/ register. In other words, the category to be appointed first will be decided by the Head of the Department based on the functional requirement.
- 10.4 All the vacancies in each recruitment year in a grade, arising irrespective of vacancies reserved for PwBDs, shall be entered in the relevant roster. If the vacancy falling at point no. 1 is not identified for the PwBD, or if the Head of the Department feels that it is not possible to fill up that post by the PwBDs for any other reason to be recorded in writing, one of the vacancies falling at any of the points from 2 to 25 shall be treated as reserved for the PwBD and filled, as such.
- 10.5 Likewise, one vacancy out of the total vacancies falling at points from 26 to 50 or from 51 to 75 or from 76 to 100 shall have to be filled by the PwBDs. The purpose of keeping points 1, 26, 51 and 76 as reserved is to fill up the first available suitable vacancy by the PwBD candidate of the category for which the post is earmarked.
- 10.6 There is a possibility that none of the vacancies from 1 to 25 is found suitable for any category of the PwBD. In that ease, two vacancies from 26 to 50 shall be filled from amongst the PwBDs. If the vacancies from 26 to 50 are also not suitable for any category, three vacancies in the third block 51 to 75 shall be filled as reserved. This means that if no vacancy can be reserved in a particular block, it shall be carried over to the next block.
- 10.7 After all the 100 points of the roster are covered, a fresh cycle of 100 points shall start.
- 10.8 If the number of vacancies in a year is such as to cover only one block (say 25 vacancies, including PwBD quota, if any) or two (say 50 vacancies, including the quota, if any), the category of the PwBDs should be accommodated as per the roster points. However, in case, the said vacancy is not identified for the respective category of disability, the Head of the Department shall decide the category on the basis of the nature of the post, the level of representation of the specific category in the grade/post concerned, etc.
- 11. CERTIFICATE BY REQUISITIONING/CADRE CONTROLLING AUTHORITY WHILE SENDING APPLICATION FOR SELECTION BY PROMOTIONS /DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION INCLUDING LIMITED COMPETITIVE DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION;
- 11.1 In order to ensure proper implementation of the provisions of reservation for PwBDs, the requisitioning/cadrecontrolling authority, while sending the requisition/proposal to the recruiting agency/DPC, as the case may be, for filling up of vacancies through promotion by selection/Departmental Examination/Limited Competitive Departmental Examination, shall furnish the following certificate to the recruiting agency/DPC:

"It is certified that the requirements of the THE RIGHTS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES ACT, 2016 which has become effective from 19th day of April, 2017 and Rules made thereupon, vide Rights of Persons with Disabilities Rules, 2017, and the policy relating to reservation for persons with benchmark disabilities has been taken care of while sending this requisition/proposal. The vacancies reported in this requisition/proposal fall at points no....... of cycle no of 100-point reservation roster out of which....... number of vacancies are reserved for persons with benchmark disabilities."

12. NOTICE OF VACANCIES FOR PROMOTION BY SELECTION

- 12.1 In order to ensure that PwBDs get a fair opportunity in consideration for appointment against an identified post, the following points shall be kept in view while sending the requisition notice/proposal to the recruiting agencies (SSC, UPSC etc.) and DPCs-
 - (i) Number of vacancies reserved for SCs, STs and each category of PwBDs should be indicated clearly.
 - (j) In respect of vacancies in posts identified suitable for being held by PwBD, it shall be indicated that the post is identified for that respective category of PwBDs from amongst the categories, as mentioned in (a) to (e) of Para 2.2 above, as the case may be. Functional classification for performing the duties attached to such post(s), shall also be indicated clearly.
 - (k) The PwBDs belonging to the category/categories for which the post is identified shall be allowed to apply for the post advertised for being filled up by Limited Departmental Competitive Examination, even if no vacancy is reserved for them. However, they will not be allowed any relaxed standard. Such PwBD candidates will be considered for selection for appointment to the post by general standards of merit.
 - (l) It shall also be indicated that persons with valid certificate of benchmark disability shall alone be eligible for the benefit of reservation. However, no benefit of reservation shall be given on the basis of temporary certificate of disability.

13. ZONE OF CONSIDERATION. INTERSE EXCHANGE AND CARRY FORWARD OF RESERVATION IN CASE OF PROMOTION

13.1 While filling up the reserved vacancies by promotion by selection, those PwBD candidates who are within the normal zone of consideration shall be considered for promotion. However, if adequate number of PwBD candidates of the respective category are not available within the normal zone, the zone of consideration may be extended to five times the number of vacancies and the PwBD candidate falling within the extended zone may be considered for promotion. In the event of non availability of candidates even in the extended zone, the vacancy shall not be filled and be carried forward to the subsequent year. In the subsequent year, if a PwBD of the required category is not available, the reservation can be exchanged with the other categories, so that post can be filled by a person with other category of disability, if possible. If a PwBD candidate of other category is within the zone of consideration and within the number of vacencies available, he cannot be denied promotion on the grounds of disability. If it is not possible to fill up the post by reservation even in the 2nd year, the post may be filled by a person other than a PwBD, and the reservation

shall be carried forward for two subsequent recruitment years, whereafter it shall lapse.

- 13.2 While filling up vacancies by promotion by non-selection, the eligible candidates with benchmark disabilities within the normal zone of consideration shall be considered for promotionagainst the reserved vacancies. In case no eligible candidate of the respective category of disability is available in the normal zone of consideration, additional PwBD candidates of respective category to the extent required shall be considered by going down the seniority list, provided they are eligible, and that the post is identified for them. In the event of non-availability of PwBD candidates for promotion even in the extended zone, the vacancy shall not be filled and shall be carried forward. In the subsequent year; if PwBD of respective category is not available, the same can be exchanged with other categories of disabilities identified for it. If it is not possible to fill up the vacancy by reservation even by exchange, the reservation shall be carried forward for two subsequent recruitment years, where-after it shall lapse.
- 13.3 In order to ensure that cases of lapse of reservation are kept to the minimum, any recruitment of the PwBD candidates shall first be counted against the vacant posts brought forward from previous years, if any, in the chronological order. If candidates are not available for all the vacancies, the older carried-forward posts shall be filled first, and the current vacancies shall be carried forward, if not filled up, provided that in every recruitment, the number of vacancies reserved for PwBD, including the carried forward vacancies, shall be announced beforehand, for the information of all aspirants.

14. <u>HORIZONTALITY OF RESERVATION FOR PERSONS WITH</u> BENCHMARK DISABILITIES

- 14.1 Reservation for backward classes of citizens (SCs, STs and OBCs) is called 'vertical' reservation and the reservation for categories such as PwBDs and exservicemen is called 'horizontal' reservation. Horizontal reservation cuts across vertical reservation (in what is called interlocking reservation) and persons selected/promoted against the quota for PwBDs have to be placed in the appropriate category viz. SC/ST/OBC/Unreserved, depending upon the category to which they belong in the foster meant for reservation of SCs/STs/OBCs. To illustrate, if in a given year, there are two vacancies reserved for the PwBDs, and out of two PwBDs promoted, one belongs to Scheduled Caste and the other belongs to Unreserved, the SC candidate with benchmark disability shall be adjusted against the SC point in the reservation roster and the Unreserved candidate with benchmark disability against the unreserved point in the relevant roster. In ease none of the vacancies falls on point reserved for the SCs, the candidate under benchmark disability belonging to SC shall be adjusted in future against the next available vacancy reserved for SC.
- 14.2 Since the PwBDs have to be placed in the appropriate category, viz. SC/ST/OBC/Unreserved in the roster meant for reservation of SCs/STs/OBCs, the application form (in respect of Departmental examination for promotion) for the post should require the candidates applying under the quota reserved for PwBDs to indicate whether they belong to SC/ST/OBC or unreserved.

15. <u>ANNUAL REPORTS REGARDING REPRESENTATION OF PERSONS</u> WITH BENCHMARK DISABILITIES

15.1 The Ministries/Departments shall continue to upload data on promotion of PwBDs, along with data on representation/ direct recruitment of PwBDs in respect of posts/services under the Central Government on the URL i.e. www.rrcps.nic.in, as on 1st January of every year. All Ministries/Departments have been provided respective user code and password with guidelines for operating the URL.

16. LIAISON OFFICER FOR PERSONS WITH BENCHMARK DISABILITIES:

16.1 Liaison Officers appointed to look after reservation matters for SCs/STs shall also work as Liaison Officers for reservation matters relating to PwBDs and shall ensure compliance of instructions, as contained in DoPT OM No.43011/153/2010-Estt (Res), dated 4.1.2013.

17. <u>MAINTENANCE OF REGISTER OF COMPLAINTS BY THE</u> GOVERNMENT ESTABLISHMENT

- 17.1 Every Government establishment shall appoint a senior officer of the Department as the Grievance Redressal Officer.
- 17.2 The Grievance Redressal Officer shall maintain a register of complaints of Persons with Benchmark Disabilities with the following particulars, namely: -
 - (a) date of complaint;
 - (b) name of complainant;
 - (c) the name of the establishment or person against whom the complaint is made;
 - (d) gist of the complaint;
 - (e) date of disposal by the Grievance Redressal Officer; and any other information.
- 17.3 Any person aggrieved with any matter relating to discrimination in promotion, may file a complaint with the Grievance Redressal Officer of the respective Government establishment.
- 17.4 Every complaint filed, shall be inquired into within two months of its registration, and outcome thereof or action taken thereon, shall be communicated to the complainant / PwBD.

(O.M. No. 36012/1/2020-Estt.(Res.-II), dated 17.05.2022)

C. EXEMPTION FROM PAYMENT OF EXAMINATION FEE AND APPLICATION FEE IN RESPECT OF PwBD

Persons with Benchmark Disabilities shall continue to be exempted from payment of application fee and examination fee, prescribed in respect of competitive examinations held by the Staff Selection Commission, the Union Public Service Commission, etc, for recruitment to various posts. This exemption shall be available only to such persons who would otherwise be eligible for appointment to the post on the basis of standards of medical fitness prescribed for that post (including any concession specifically extended to the

Persons with Benchmark Disabilities) and who enclose with the application form, necessary certificate from a competent authority in support of their claim of disability.

For detailed instructions OM No. 36035/2/2017-Estt.(Res), dated 23.8.2019, may be referred.

D. EXEMPTION FROM THE ROUTINE EXERCISE OF TRANSFER/ ROTATIONAL TRANSFER IN RESPECT OF CARE GIVER FOR PwBD

With the enactment of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016 on April 17, 2017, instructions have been issued in supersession of the OMs dated June 6, 2014, November17, 2014 and January 5, 2016 with regard to the eligibility for seeking exemption from routine exercise of transfer/rotational transfer in respect of care-giver of PwBDs:-

- (i) A Government employee who is a care-giver of dependent daughter/son/parents/spouse/brother/sister with Specified Disability, as certified by the certifying authority as a PwBD as defined under Section 2(r) of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016 may be exempted from the routine exercise of transfer/rotational transfer subject to the administrative constraints.
- (ii) The term "Specified Disability" as defined in the Schedule to the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016, covers (I) Locomotor disability including leprosy cured person, cerebral palsy, dwarfism, muscular dystrophy and Acid attack victims (ii) Blindness (iii) Low-vision (iv) Deaf (v) Hard of hearing (vi) Speech and language disabilities (vii) Intellectual disability including specific learning disabilities and autism spectrum disorder (viii) Mental illness (ix) Disability caused due to: (a) Neurological conditions such as Multiple sclerosis and Parkinson's disease (b) Blood disorder- Haemophilia, Thalassemia and Sickle cell disease and (x) Multiple disabilities (more than one of the above specified disabilities) including deaf blindness and any other category of disabilities as may be notified by the Central Government.
- (iii) The term 'Specified Disability' as defined herein is applicable as grounds only for the purpose of seeking exemption from routine transfer! rotational transfer by a Government employee, who is a care-giver of dependent daughter/son/parents/spouse/brother/sister.

OM No.F. No. 42011/3/2014-Estt.(Res) dated 8.10.2018

E. FACILITIES TO BE PROVIDED TO THE PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES FOR EFFICIENT PERFORMANCE OF THEIR DUTIES

As regards certain facilities in respect of Persons with Disabilities who are already employed in the Government for efficient performance of their duties like identification of jobs, post recruitment and pre-promotion training, providing aids/assistive devices, accessibility and barrier free environment at work place, preference in Government accommodation, Grievance redressal, Special Casual Leave and Preference in transfer/posting, detailed guidelines have been issued

to all the Ministries/Departments of the Government of India to bring the instructions to the notice of all appointing authorities under their control, for information and compliance. The Department of Public Enterprises has also been requested to give effect the above guidelines in the all the Central Public Sector Enterprises.

For detailed instructions **OM No. 36035/3/2013-Estt.(Res), dated 31.3.2014**, may be referred.

F. RESERVATION FOR PERSONS WITH BENCHMARK DISABILITIES - CLARIFICATION WITH REGARD TO THE CONCEPT OF OWN MERIT.

Para 4.2 of the OM of even number, dated 15.1.2018 and Para 7.2 of OM No. 36012/1/2020-Estt(Res.-II), dated 17.5.2022, inter alia, state that the Persons with Benchmark Disability (PwBD) selected without relaxed standard, along with other unreserved candidates, will not be adjusted against the vacancies reserved for them and that the vacancies reserved for PwBDs will be filled up separately from amongst the eligible PwBD candidates who are lower in merit than the last unreserved candidate in merit list but otherwise found suitable for appointment, if necessary, by relaxed standard.

- 2. Queries have been received in this Department, from time to time, on the following three aspects: -
 - (i) whether PwBD candidates who have qualified on their own merit without any relaxed standard should be appointed against the vacancies not reserved for PwBDs, i.e., against the unreserved vacancies which will be in addition to the vacancies earmarked for PwBD category candidates;
 - (ii) whether the facility of a scribe availed by a PwBD candidate, along with the compensatory time, shall be treated as relaxed standard; and
 - (iii)whether the disability a PwBD candidate is suffering from, shall be treated as relaxation in medical standard, which will disable him from being treated as own merit category.
- 3. In this connection, it is also pertinent to mention that this Department had constituted a Committee which deliberated upon the above three aspects, particularly in respect of Civil Services Examination (CSE), and recommended, inter-alia, the following: -
 - (i) The 'own merit' concept for PwBD category candidates should be implemented in CSE, in accordance with Establishment (Reservation) Division's OM No.36035/2/2017-Estt(Res), dated 15.01.2018.
 - (ii) The facility of scribe, extra-time and relaxation in medical standards available to PwBD category candidates should not be treated as 'relaxed standard'.
- 4. Accordingly, the following clarifications are issued: -
 - (i) In line with the spirit of the O.M. No.36035/2/2017- Estt(Res.), dated 15.1.2018, and O.M. No.36012/1/2020- Estt(Res-II), dated 17.5.2022 on the subject, the concept of own merit for PwBD shall be implemented in all direct recruitment examinations, including the CSE and promotions,

- wherever applicable. In other words, PwBD category candidates selected without relaxed standard, along with other unreserved candidates, will not be adjusted against the reserved share of vacancies. The reserved vacancies will be filled up separately from amongst the eligible candidates with benchmark disabilities, who are lower in merit than the last unreserved candidate in general merit list, but otherwise found suitable for appointment, if necessary, by relaxed standards.
- (ii) In accordance with Para 3 of the OM No.29-6/2019-DDIII, dated 10.8.2022, issued by the Department of Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities, the facility of scribe, along with compensatory time shall not be treated as relaxed standard. DoPT, in agreement with this provision, reiterates that the facility of scribe taken by a PwBD candidate, along with compensatory time, shall not be treated as relaxed standard.
- (iii)In terms of Corrigendum No. 34-02/2015/DD-III(Pt.), dated 08.02.2019, the phrase 'extra time or additional time' is required to be replaced by the phrase 'compensatory time'.
- (iv) The spirit of the term 'own merit' will get defeated if the disability, a person is suffering from, is treated as relaxed medical standard, as no PwBD will get the benefit of the term 'own merit' as stipulated in the OMs, dated 15.1.2018 and 17.5.2022 in such a scenario. Accordingly, it is clarified that disability of a person, which he is suffering from, shall not be treated as relaxed standard in medical fitness test for the purpose of 'own merit'.

(OM No. 36035/02/20 17-Estt(Res) dated 27.9.2022)

NOTE: THE INSTRUCTIONS RELATING TO EX-SERVICEMEN WILL BE UPLOADED SEPARATELY.